OR. THE

## PART

he Secret Reign

he Four last Years.

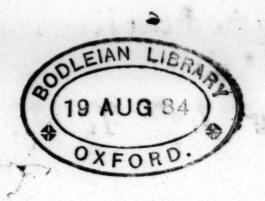
Familiar Dialogue between Mr. Truman (ais Mr. John Dunton) and his Friend, meeting midentaly at the Proclaiming King George

eries Humbly inscrib'd to his Re bufithe Prince of Wales, and contain the Time fecret thy published by the Earl of 0 ---- ford.

unquam regna perpetuo manent. Seni

The Second Edition.

Printed for M. Brudenell, and are to be fold on near the Royal Exchange, S. Popping in Pa-es, L. Dol and A. Boulter without Temple-th four Places are to be had, Mr. Duntons for Nothing, and all the other Books he



### His Royal Highness

THE

## PRINCE

OF

# WALES.

May it please Your Royal Highness,

Joy and dutiful Affection, excites me, the meanest of your Servants, to approach for your safe Arrival, to a Kingdom where your A 2

Residence has been so often and ardently desired by all true Protestants. From Our Gracion so vereign's and your Royal Highness's landing on the glish Shore, we all date the Happiness and Wealth of Britain, we see already our Patriots flourishing under the Royal Instuence, to the Delight of every faithful Subject.

Permit me, the meanest of them, to lay my humble Offering at your Royal Feet, my poor, but well meant Essay, not worthy indeed your Royal Notice, except for the honest Zeal with which twas wrote, to detect the Treasons of our Country's Foes, those Enemies of your Royal Father's Title to that Throne which he now fills, in Spight of Faction, and with the Applause of Protestants of all Denominations.

#### 1 0

I do not pretend to inform your Royal Highness, by these Sheets, of any thing not known
much better to my Prince; my Design in Writing
them, was only to animate my Fellow Protestants with a just Sense of their Deliverance, and a
just Indignation against those Men and Measures,
that endeavour'd to deprive us of so great a
Blessing as the Protestant Succession, by palming on
me a Popish Pretender, and with him, his inseparable Attendants; Papery, Shaper and Erenth Tranmerly hazzarded my Libert and Life, by setting
those Traytors Conductivand Designs in such a
view, as might, I hoped, rouse my indolent Court
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you are

defined into an Apprehension of their Dangers; cions and would willingly have lost both, to have feared to Britain so invaluable a Treasure as the Seccession of your August House.

> When a grateful Briton reflects upon the earh and glorious Proofs your Royal Highness gave of your Magnanimity, Courage, Conduct and Affection to our Nation, at the the Battle of Oudenarde, how can he think any Returns of Honour, Love ad Duty, too great for fuch a Princely Heree? the at the same time his Heart is elated with Joy and Wonder at the Glorious Action, it trembles for the Dangers it exposed your Royal Person to. inthat Victorious Field, where not only an opposing huender to the Crown, destin'd by God and Britain for your Illustrious Family, but even the lest Blood of France, the Princes of his Supporter's Linage, fled before your conquering Sword.

Alife doctors, and well it sold

May the Almighty Disposer of Crowns and Septers, who has so visibly and seasonably interpoled in our Defence, by placing your Royal Faher, our now only rightful and lawful Sovereign, on the Throne of his Ancestors, Bless his Sa-My peff with long Life, and a happy, prosperous and glorious Reign, over a willing, obedient, and loyal People, and when Heaven removes his Majesty to a more quiet Region among the Blessed, and he exchanges this for a brighter Crown, may your Royal Highness possess his earthly Throne, with that, if possible, a double Portion of his Royal

Wealth crishing,

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ng 0 Royal Vertues, and in the most Advanced Agricultransmitt both safe to your Royal Descendants, and may there never want a Prince of your Illustrans Posterity to sit upon the Throne of Britain, ill Time shall be no more.

These are the ardent Wishes and most fervent Proper of all that wish well to our Religion and Country, in particular of him who is with the utmost Zeal and Affection, and the profoundest Respect and Duty.

May it please your Royal Highness,

Your Royal Highness's,

Most humble, most obedient,

Most devoted, and most faithful

Servant to Command,

JOHN DUNTON

#### QUEEN ROBIN's Dominions.

I.

When as Queen Robin rul'd this Land,
Both Knave and Queen was he;
The furft Card in Perkin's Hand,
And late Tricks of Lewi.

II.
Nine Groats (a) of this fame Game was won
E're Robin came in Play,
All Nine upon the Hedge he hung,
And trick'd the Game away.

<sup>(4)</sup> Via Mine Victories.

III.

For Robin rul'd both Knaves and Fools,
Or fuch as lost their Sight;
And his Dominion was by Tools,
That now are vanish'd quite.

IV.

Bob's Subjects were the Passive Crew,
He favour'd none but Jacks, (a)
His White-Staff, like a Royal Clew, (b)
Has brought him to the Ax.

V.

Tho' Nab and Harry both did baul,
For Empire and for Keys, (c)
Yet Trickster (d) rob'd us first of all,
By a most Glorious Peace (e).

VI.

Thus Bob was Ku—ve and Sov'raign too,
As DUNTON here doth fing;
And Neck or Nothing did pursue,
From such—God save the King.

(a) Jacobites.

(d) Queen Robin.

Ducen

<sup>(</sup>b) Or Royal Septer,

F (c) Alluding to their Quarrel for Sovereignty, mention'd in the following Sheets, p. 34.

<sup>(</sup>e) So soll'd by the Jacobites .

# Queen Robin:

ORTHE

SECOND PART

O F

Aeck or Pothing.

Detecting the Secret Reign

O F

The Four last Years.

By way of Dialogne.

nti-

Honest Truman, alias, Mr. Dunton; what, you are now Vitable, may keep your Mortal

and your Darling, the Illustrious House of Hanover.

Oueen Robin: or, Truman. ] I am ready to ferve both in any Shape and would willingly lay down my Mortal Part asla as their Enemies with'd it, to my Glorious I the lati and Countries good. Britanicus. ] Si oke like your felf, and I must say jou Trum. ] are the only Man I've met to Day that is not a Cha. emore to Bris.] 11.27. r ctir Ci Thum. The Politicks I Supported to the Bet. Biglit and any or e magnes Week when a Fi should make such a wonderful Turn in Mens Notion the Merch that those who seven Days since look'd on O -ida ingham hir B \_\_\_\_ke as little lefs than Diverties, should no Lend Har despise and expose them, it possible, worse than w tive con had done in Gur Neiksor Nobings A-venges Trum. Have not often odyou, Britania Che was int at ever my blind Country-men recover'd their Sight (which was what I never defait'd of, tho' I fome times fear'd 'twould not be, till like my Lord W-Proppies they were at the off Gasp) those Idols will be the property with the position of the curfed Defigns of those Enemies to God and Man, in this they freeeded forwell, that 'Iwa not of the Power of Deal 19800 to the new Land 1984 and Britons of their Dangers, till Providence Step'd in to our Affistance, and deliver dous at once out of our very wretched Condition; the Whigs out of their just Fears; the Honest Hanoverian Tories out of their o Caronil Honest Handverian, and Tory, are not more meer Inconfiftencies? -Trum. So much the more Tory like; but however, to reconcile you to the found of Hanggerian Toy, I must inform admonifection of a nation by the little of Tory in our Days, are divided into Two Classes, viz. K ves and f ls, or facobite and fory, thele last never had any Views towards France or Lorain, tho they had the ill Luck to go fome Lengths tomases both Matiamated hewiter part of the World as will at ways make the muignents quation'd by Those that delitably allow their Honefty. Territory work the Elufrica fine of Harrison of Harrison Louising the Elufrica flore of Harrison Control Har L'ament.

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The Second Part of Neck or Nothing. ny Shape it as Lo -d and B-- ke, and I dare fay you will not the last Man in Britain to fall in With the Cry. A fay for Trum. ]. In its proper Place and Scaton no Man shall a Char. more forward.

Brit. 7 You can do it with Alivantage; your Interest to our City Election, at which you ventur'd largely then a Fleeter, and threaten's with a Scape Warrant) for Notion the Merchants, behales your greater Interest in Buck-- id an inghamfhire, render you a formidable Enemy? I think uld to Leid Hark (as you call him in your life works) thould han yo have confidered twis in your Povet to take fevere Beinges tor his 'll Treatment at thole Liedings, but he The vasitifuled is well as his Admirers; he would fe Sigh ma Thought your Friending worth the Counting. I fome Juni. I He would'un have had that at a lets Piffe the fleking his Countries good, as e gerly as he has the his Ruin; his French Gold, and French Diamonds will otherwise have hid no Elfest anim, except that Defening both the Offer and the Offerer. uile dit. Could you have done that more than you had thein all your Performances? You know I often call'd langin 1 the m, like Sacheverel's Friends, Mad man; and even this left Det I can flarce forbear Reproaching, that Sinmy, Zeal and Contrage that expos'd you to fuch eminent in to Danger. of our Inm. I defpis'd it for my Country's Service ; I was eir just 4 and hike what I was born and bred; I faw Rehdi on, Liberty, and all that is dear to Alen and Christians mick at, thro' the Protestant Succession, their paly Human Security, this towfed all that was Britist or JWCVCI, Chiftian in me; I loathed my Friend, a Lite of Stavery, Tory, I and could not bear the Thoughts of out-Living Lie Title by, Property, Religion, and as I faid before, their grily 3, viz, human Security, the Proteffant Succession in the Mustrious thefe , tho' Hofe of Brunswick. My concern on these Heads would not fuffer me to keep any Meafures with their both Inemies; Ivented my just Refentments against them, in hopes to Alarm my Thoughtle's County men, and if I e that could not fave them, my next Define was to expire lout offers might feem my Misfortune and Fully, was to me my steatest Wisdom and Happiness; I can truly say received a Letter with more Satisfaction that

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Mr. Dunton,

YOUR Devil of a Ghost (publish'd fince por Civil Devib, I mean fince V\_B\_

fent Four Messengers to seize your Person in Writing Nock or Nothing) hath put so many in Such a Ferment, that 'tis resolv'd upon by seven

(let it coft what it will) to have you laid, and Low, as never to appear again. I thail aife interin you, that Sacheverel's Mois refoled to be revened upon you, for making to Putlick Discoveries of his Treasonable Words Practices (in your Aufwer to his Jacobite Serm which you call the Bull-Baiting and Court Spy): I tis certain, the Discoveries you have made in you Neck or Nothing of U-rus T-n and B-1 Lewo Practices, have made the Jacobites resolvent on your uster Destruction, if they can possible meet with you: Sir, I give you this timely Notice being very unwilling any thing flould happen to Me Dunion through my Neglect; take heed theretore to your felt, and either go to the Elestor of Hanover's Dominion " (where doubtless you'l meet with many Generous Friends, as you ventur'd both your Life and Effet to expose the Enemies to that Illustrious Family) a elle lye conceal'd in London, and not walk about the City as I hear you do, as it you thought the Goodness of your Cruse wou'd protest you, which I much Question, whilit 0 -- rd and B -- ke sit at the Helm of Publick Affairs; and therefore let me per wade you either to leave England, or to live 41 great Distance from London; for I'm affur'd (byone of the Queen's Muffengers) there will be much Off us'd to eateb you, your Neck or Nothing has lo plainly desected the New Scheme concerted by 0-4 and B \_\_\_ ke for bringing in the Pretender: This Advice is good, observe it, and you are fate, the t comes from one who durft not for his Life Subscribe his Name; but affire your felf it is fent by a Re I Friend, and who he is, you shall know in a few Days.

Brit.] Did you venture to write after this Warning, and the finick Search made for you by my Lord he's Order, when you so narrowly escaped falling into the Hands of his Four Bull-Dogs, call'd, Me-

frum.] I did; for 'twas after all this I publish'd my Aldres to the late Queen, call'd, Whig-Loyalty, and my Essay, entituled, The Impeachment; nay, was prepare going out still a louder Alarm to my I ellow-Protemats, which should have set some Mens Villanies yet in aclearer Light. This Pamphlet I should have nam'd The reigning Favourities; or, Four Years Treason: But this HAPPY DAY has, blessed be God, render'd it needless appelent.

Brit.] Happy Day indeed for British Protestants, and a Men that wish well to the Protestant Interest or Likities of Europe, to you in particular, who are hereby eliver'd from exasperated powerful Enemies; you may now set down quietly under your own Vine, and under your own Fig-Tree, leave Scribling, go to Church and remm Thanks to that Almighty Being that has, and only

ould, deliver us.

Imm.] The latter part of your Advice shall be readily comply'd with; but you must excuse me, it'I will not momise the other; for tho' I neither did, nor need to wite for Bread, yet every honest Subject is obliged to leve his King and Country: If I can do that by what you call Scribling, I shall scribble on; but when my Writing is no farther Useful to them, I will be as filent you please; for, as the Son of Sirach says, Writing is great Wearinefs to the Flesh; and all I have had to accompence my Pains that way, has been only the Confience of baving done my Duty, and that with more Succos amongst the vulgar Readers, (which are the Bulk of Mankind, the Choofers of a confiderable Branch of our Legislators, the chiefest Supporters of our Crown'd heads, both by their Hands and Purses, and, in short, these whose Understandings are at least as necessary to lerightly inform'd, as any Rank of Men amongst us) than the best of the Whig-Writers; many, may most of shom were wholly unintelligible to their Capacities, the admirably fine to those that understood them; the Capoles, Steels, Tolands, Esc. are Writers that can neis be too much honour'd, and ought never to be for-

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ned wiv, as being defigned for greatet Genius's, want

Trim.] Ay, and wrote by greater Genius's.

Bit. You are very Completant.

Trum I I am Sincere; I wrote for those whose Capacina in Reading was of a Size with mine in Writing, yet had in their power to do most Mitchief, if not rightly in formed.

rous success attent your honest Endeavours to unde ceive them; of this you have feveral Testimonials.

but fperk Plain English, to those that could not under-

Brit.] What are like to be your farare Subjects?

Trim!] Perhaps I may, may I reliaive, to give my Fellow Subjects a Glampfelot, their enfuing Happinels, under the aufficious Ray n of our Glorious King George, in the Estay I shall entitle THE GOLDEN AGE; and shall mot first to put my Fellow Cuizens of London, and my Dear Country alon of but is, in mind of their Duty and Interest, in the ensuing Electrons.

how good a Figure Ho et Mr. Dunton makes at the Election for our County, where his Name, and his revered Father's Alemory are to high Election, for their firm Adherence to the Protest at the worst of Times. This your Consideration the Fleet at the time of our last Election, that lost both our former worthy Members, the deceased Sir Edmund Denton and Mr. Hampden, their Elections.

their Elections.

Train. That Thought made my Confinement a double Uneafiness. This true, the present Members, viz. the I. F — b and Mr. F — d thought my Vote worth desiring, and did so in the most obliging manner; and Pam asham'd to tell you, I was such an ill bred Britte of a Whig, that I would not so much as see the Messenger, or be persuaded on any Terms to give them so much as a single Vote; not that I had any personal Prejudice to

The Second Part of Nock or Nothing. ham, or Obligation to the former Members, but meerhe Refolution to Vote for none, but fuch whose Principes and Practices I was acquirinted with. em'd the Bit When you wrote me word, you could not apand al per at the Election, I despried of Six Edmund's and Mr. d Popp Hampden's Success, well-knowing that it you were reasonally there, you could make fowe Hundreds of the re refi Motes in our County; the Diffeners in general you were fure of, and all the mo lerate Churchmen. From Lam much obliged to my Dear Countrymen for their good Opini n, which I shall always endeapacitics rem to deferve, by the Truth, Honefly, and Sincerty, that hadit fill secommended me to their Favour, and the ieft Serntly in egs in my power. Mil. Now the joyful Crowd begin to difperfe, let us profper unde beneving too. Jun ] With all my Heart; move on. S. but. Shall we go into the next Whig-Teven and Hatters Bottle to the King and Prince's Health, with underhoperity to the Royal Family, and all that love ve my Trum. | Content. Tilels, Brit. Name your House. Jamed I have no particular one; you shall choose. rge, in d'fhall Brit. Then I will be your Guide. Jun What a glad fight is this, Britannieus, to fee and my y and my bace flush with Joy and Loyalty, our Streets worded with a Rejoycing Protesting, Populace, (that used know the curfed relievals of our late Ministry to be he E maged with Popiso Killains) and every Wandow and is Re any filled with beautiful applicating Spectators of their this Glorious Solemnity. e LN bit.] What, would you and Loand every honest Briimes. shave given, fome Weeks ago, but for a rational Hore, of this hoppy Day's Employment? f our lem-Not to derog te from the Memory of the the Queen, for whom no Man in Britain had a prowienes Refrect than my felt; wifness the Hazzards 1 dou me to refeue her out or the Hands of trafferous viz. Villains. mand Come, let us mention her no more, but with a rorth and ma Hand dram, a Veil over some lace Transactions, for her ite of fake, under the shelter of whose Royal Name, they ager, were effected, and with them almost our Country's Kuin. h 25 brat. Tram. e to

Trum. ] We must not interrupt this Day's Joy, by Remembrances; but confider thefe Hours are facted Mirth and Loy I Gladness.

Brit.] One grand Addition to which, is the fig

the Company who graced the Cavalcade.

Trum.] I could fearce contain my Transports, to our faithful Patriots thine with their former Luft while theirs and our Enemies forunk with Dread of the approaching Doom.

Brit.] Did you observe the two Master R-ger, the im Su Face of one drawn to a Sneer of Terror, whilft the other Buth o Brit.]

carry'd a Dejection like a Criminal in a Sledge?

Brit. I did and wonder'd at their Courage, that the durst appear to their justly incensed Countrymen, and

not fear being De-Witted,

Trum.] Under the Protection of this Day's Sanding all In. Joy, the Laws of Britain, the August Patriots that composed the Cavalende, and the Glorious Work they went well a might appear with anti-Safety. No Man, however he deferv'd it, not even is oul Shimei, that had curfed the King, under the Title of King William's Legacy, thould be put to Death in our Israel, on fuch a Day of Gladness.

Brit. TYou have, I believe, hit on the true caused

their Courage.

Trum.] Name not fuch a Virtue when you talk d them, for they were never suspected of any; Impall they had in abundance, the other Vices they divi To equally between them, that no one could determine who had the greatest share, tho' every discerning Per acknowledg'd, they were the two worst Men this II ever produced.

Brit. Degenerate Sons of excellent Parents!

Trum. Ay, and Rebellious ones too, if Fame d

not much belye them.

Brit.] I know neither them nor their Parents, exce by common Fame; you that did, would oblige me, to giving me an Account of them: Twill make us religion Deliverante better, to be informed of our Dangers; and the Jue our Friends more, to know our Enemies.

Trum: ] You shall command me in any thing; id there are fone Particulars I must beg leave to releive to

another Audience.

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The Second Part of Neck or Nothing. What you indended to have publish'd before gen's Death, I hope you will not refuse me the stainment of. I did indeed, as I own'd before to you, intend ave the World their History; but as I now have Hopes to A etheir Conduct enquired into, by those to whom the Luft pisance properly belongs, (viz. the King, Lords, and of th will not prefume to intrude into the Province other and of their late Actions. bit Pray add that of their TOOLS, their Female hat the intericular, viz, Abigail, the Ugly, and Ungrate-In Do you Smoke, Britannicus? Then you are no Friend to the Revenue. Come, by went weld fellows must Smoke, encourage the young ones at with not shuff for the Confumption of Tobacco, which even in ou know, a confiderable Branch of the Product of Titled collantations, and brings a large Addition to the Re-talk of shafe, whilst tis in the Ladies Favour. termin ham.] So then, there's the Confumption of one limit to the Revenue provided for; but we must not set fome other profitable Branches. it.] Tez, Chocolate, Coffee, and that best Friend to Woolen Manufactuse, Port Wine. Inm. The fame. me do hit.] Pray, how do you provide for their Confumphm.] Why thus; the Ladies are charged with that of the three first, in which the young Fellows will affist, eli Big thing them at once the Opportunity of fighing, ogling, and va g and tippling, the stronger Liquid will warm our ood and Loyalty together, and make way for our collen Manufactures abroad. Int.] Must we drink no French Wines? E Trum.

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hity'd.

Trum.] Not a Drop, nor fuffer any of the County from.] Manufactures of that Kingdom to be imported, if value our Sovereign, and our Country's Wealth.

Mr. M Brit. ] Not on the Foot of the late Treaty of Co

merce, you mean.

Trum. That has been condemn'd by one Patliane and 'tis hoped the next will give the Promoters, dans Agents, &c. of it, their deferved Reward.

Brit. I Were the Diamonds given for that Treaty. Trum. That or something as good, for Britain.

Brit. What was that?

Brit.] W Trum. Why, it may be, Popery and Slavery, whi s not pro are inseparable; a Popish Pretender; figning the Co Irun. It tract for paying his Board; License, or Connivance raife a Popish Army in these Kingdoms; Breaking a Vit If th Vbat dur Ships, that is, Demolishing our best Walls and B warks; starting as many of our Sea and Land Office hill A Soldiers, and Seamen, as were such obstinate Heating in to lot they would not serve the French King, or his Pupil to Pretender, by fixing the latter here as the former enfed, Viceroy. Assistance to entail Popery and Slavery upon as us, and our Posterity; Removing Dunkirk some Lague methan to Mardyke: Multiplying Dunkirks, by making of one that the Mardyke: Multiplying Dunkirks, by making of one that the warks; flarving as many of our Sea and Land Office to Mardyke; Multiplying Dunkirks, by making of on the let two; Giving France, Spain, and the West-Indies, of wir. I with that, the holding of the Bell the West-Indies, of the Bell the B with that, the holding of the Ballance of Power, that the Scale might weigh to that fide when he pleafed. I will not add, the Extirpation of the Northern Herefy, is cause when the others were stipulated, that followed course, together with the Ruin of the Protestant Successor, as well as of our Friends the Dutch and the Externation of the Ruin and Successor, as well as of our Friends the Dutch and the Externation. the Emperor. Were not these a good Pennyworth, the the Diamando in France had been given for them. [hu]
Brit.] The Seller deserv'd a Cap and Bells, that would be the all the Diamonds in France had been given for them.

fell them at fuch a Price; and a Halter, whatever Pint links

he fold his Country and Religion at.

Trum.] Religion he had none to fell; the Name is win ved him to all the Intents and Purposes he valued i in tor, that is, to delude the Britains to their Ruin.

Brit.] Some will have it, they had Pensions from the

French King.

Trum.] What they? Bris. ] 0 \_\_\_\_rd and B\_\_

TET

The Second Part of Neck or Nothing. County from.] They were Fools it they had not, and d, if n ves if they had; that one of their Tools had, of Comes him, appear'd to the House of Lords, by the thouse of Mr. Pople, to whom he had shewed a Letter Mounsseur Orry to him, wherein was intimated Advisor the the faid Mr. M—r must not expect the Pension 2000 Pistoles promis'd, if he did not get the Three aty. Interest of the Treaty of Commerce with Spain, with the state of the Treaty of Commerce with Spain with the state of the Treaty of Commerce with Spain with the state of the Treaty of Commerce with Spain with the state of the Treaty of Commerce with Spain with the state of the Treaty of Commerce with Spain with the Spain with the Spain with the state of the Treaty of Commerce with the state of the Treaty of Commerce with the Spain with the state the Commit prove them Pensioners. the Co from It does to me, for as the old Verie has it.

[a Vite If the Tool fuch pay must have,

That walk they employ delay. and Be Voat must they employ'd the Knave? Office Mil And yet their Friends fay they are ruin'd, by Mortio in folong in the highest Stations.

Pupil the Image of the part of they will never former ended, never employ'd again; and it after so much ended, never employ'd again; and it after so much ended as has been bestow'd on them by the French that was bestow'd on the Barren Fig-Tree in the log of on the state of the let the same Sentence pass on them, that did on the same of the same sentence pass on them, that did on the same of the same sentence pass on them, that did on the same of the same sentence pass on them, that did on the same of the same sentence pass on them, that did on the same of the same sentence pass on them, that did on the same of the same sentence pass on them, that did on the same sentence pass on them, that did on the same sentence pass on them, that did on the same sentence pass on them, that did on the same sentence pass on them, that did on the same sentence pass on them. Name for such a state of the st and tho' I cannot, like the Hireling Writer of hamble to his Patent, tell you 'twas fo Illustrious. pais him alied to the whole Honourable House, to

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which it admitted him, yet I may own 'twas me

him unworthy of.

His Aspect is so truly Mean, that neither a White or Blew Ribbon could make him look like a Gent man; his Size is short and squabb, his Face, which squarish, has such a Mixture of the Cat and Owl, that hard to say which likeness prevails, especially what puts on Majestick Airs as he Designs them, that is Modern Phrase, a Haughty Insolence; for you know, tho' his Natural Countenance is rather a Gin Fawn, yet of late Days he has affected a good Dal the INSOLENT. Thus much of his out-side.

Brit.] I thought he had been a Man of Learning Trum.] I never could hear any Proof of that, extend that the Preamble to bis Patent fays so, and perhaps in as much Truth as it does bis Alliance to the shape of the state of the

House of Lords; but to proceed.

Brit.] Several avert Queen Robin never was a M

fenter.

passed against Occasional Conformity; nay, the Jest we carry'd so far, that even the Sisterhood deserted Meetings, except the younger, who being but indistrently Married was suffer'd to follow the Dictated her Education and Conscience.

But to return to Queen Robin: I shall confine a felf to his Reign.

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Brit.] Pray inform me first, by what unlucky Incidents for Britain be arriv'd at Dominion.

Trum.] Even by the same Vertues he manifested thro' the whole Course of his Reign, I might add of his Life, vis. Diffimulation, Fawning, Cringing, Tricking, from which last he took his first Title of R-n the Trickfter. To the former Excellencies he added that of Slandering and Lying. Some trace thefe latter Qualifications no Higher than his Secretary bip, but others have remarked earlier Symptoms.

Brit.] As when and how, pray inform me; for I have agreat Curiofity to know all the Movements of this

chief Machine of Mischief.

Trum. You remember he was chosen Sp-r, to the last P-t of King William, in the Room of Sir T---s L-n, 'twas then the Cry of the Jacobites, that had not Mr. H --- ly been Sp-r, the P-Gs had been fent to the T-r.

Brit.] That Slander has been amply confuted by the Search made into his M ---- y's Papers after his

Decease.

Trum.] However, that falshood, no doubt, laid the first Foundation for his Advancement in the late 2-ns favour, who probably was always kept up in that Error.

Brit.] Unheard of Villany!

Trum.] That, as the French Express it in their English, was but his Begin.

Brit.] 'Twas a Beginning that promis'd a horrid

Conclusion.

Trum.] To thew you, that Ingratitude was his manner of returning private and personal, as well as publick and general Benefits, I must remind you how he treated the late Lords, Rochester and G-n, as well as our Glorious Deliverer King William, the First, instead of the I-rs S-f promis'd him, was put off with fair Words, and P-thip of the C-l; the latter, to whose Interest he is thought to have ow'd his first Promotion at C—t, he took Care by publick and private Misrepresentations, and other indirect and base Pradices to justle out of the Prince and People's Favour, as the Poet expresses it.

Brit.] The Discovery of Gr --- g's Treason put flop to that for some Time, and consequently not only

to Britain's, but Europe's Misfortune.

Trum. | Rather the Qu - ns Affection to the Prince her Contort, who firenuously oppos'd his wicked De figns, and whilft Heaven was pleas'd to fpare him to m. kept Things Right. That Excellent Prince well knew the Value of faithful Servants, and would not fuffer fuch to be remov'd, to make way for Sycophants No Man in Britain had ventur'd farther for Religion and Liberty at the Glorious Revolution; and as no Man Living better understood their Value, so none was more truly Zealous in their Detence. Unhappy Britain loft in him a true Friend, and foon felt its Loss in 2-1 R-n's Success.

Brit.] Tis too true, for no fooner was that good Prince gone to Eternal Reft, than Britain's Enemies prevail'd at C-t. Some of 2-n R-n Friends had the Impudence to fay, the Prince was much

in their Intereft.

Trum.] The contrary was Apparent by the Aversion and peculiar Malice thowed by him to all the Prince had favoured, or that had the Honour to have ferred his Royal Highness, whose Sallaries were all either stopped or paid only by Halves, that is, 6 d. for a Shilling. The Money the Prince had left to pay his Servants, was either Incorporated into other Funds, or apply'd to other Uses.

-n R --- n never could forget to Brit. 2whose Interest he ow'd his first Dismission from the 'Tis true, the Prince was, seconded by the Duke of M-h, and late Earl of G-n, but we know their wife and loyal Remonstrances would have been ineffectual, had not his Royal Highnes interpos'd his good Offices. Here give me leave to Remark upon that Prince's Name; I have sometimes wonder'd that a Name fo much diftinguish'd by English Men, that many of our Princes were Crown'd on the Day : that bears that Patron's Name, yet should never be found in our Royal Families, Prince George of Denmark, is the first I meet with of that Name; and how Fortunate that Marriage was to England, we all know, this is, methinks, a good Omen in our prefent King and Prince. The Pretender knew so well our Superstition on that

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Head, that to endear himself to us, he took it for his side; nay, his pretended Mother must Travel with that of Countess of St. George, this looks to me like an Indication that a George was to deliver us, to Reign, and to preserve our Civil and Religious Rights, and may there never want a King of that Name, and Illustions House our present Monarch is ot, to sit upon the Throne of Britain, till time shall be no more. But to proceed in your Relation.

Aim.] As foon as Prince George was in Heaven, was introduc'd to the Mourning Queen, up the Back-Stairs,

stays the Balladeer.

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The Important Pass of the Back-Stairs,

Was put into her Hand,

and up she brought the greatest K——ve,

Grew in this fruitful Land.

There Two Infruments of Satan, were not, to bethe, wanting in false Accusations, as appeared by the
sequel, for we soon saw all our true Patriots removed; to
the way for our Enemies: 'Tis true, this was not done
that once, the Brave and Honest Earl of Sunderland
was the first displaced on frivolous Pretences. Her
Majesty was pleased to declare to the D——b Envoy,
the was a personal Affair, and commanded him to
affine his Principals from her, no farther Changes was
intended; which he did.

Brit, How was that worthy Minister abus d by the

defir'd by the Queen to do.

"Inm.] Not worle than the Successor's Minister, for publishing that admirable Paper, known by the Name

of Baron Bothmar's Memorial.

Min. I read it with Pleasure, and did not imagine any hother Removes would have been made after I had seen and consider the many excellent and unansweyable Realist given there, against such Measures.

MTrum.] I had not fo much Faith as you; for being at Amfington, where the Court was most of the Summer, I faw Queen Robin every Day at Court, and that

Maey boaded no good to Britain.

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Brit.] Did he appear then publickly there?

Trum.] He did; to the Grief of all honest, Men, he had his flated Hours of going, which I constant watched: What follow'd, you know.

Brit.] 'Twas there, I well remember, the then Twas duplaced, the best P\_\_\_\_\_\_t that perhaps Britain was blessed with, dissolved, in a manner to

without Precedent.

Trum.] They drove Jebu-like, with Fury, and never gave the Queen a Minute's Rest, when they had any Mischief in view, till by Lyes and Importunities they had obtained their Requests.

Brit.] 'Twas in those Days of Madness, the Address commonly call'd, the Bishop of London's, was pre-

Cented.

Trum.] Ay, and many others of the same Stamp; but how procured, and by whom, shall appear another Day.

Brit.] I suppose by the same Men and Means, the Mobs were at the Holborn Restor's Tryal, and with the same Design, viz. to frighten the Queen into a Com-

pliance.

thole things, which will amaze the World when they are brought to Light, as they will be e're long.

Brit.] The fooner the better, I fay.

ing of the Publick Moneys, began the Bribing Trade.

Brit.] He was then but Second in the Commission of

the T\_\_\_\_ry.

Neighbours were so sensible of, that the Horse with in Men on his Back, the second of which held the Reins, was a good Representation of their Thoughts and our condition.

Brit.] You know, the former T-that been accused of strange Embezzlements of the Publick

Trum.] And so was every honest Man, of Crimes their Enemies never could prove. Was not the Glorious and Ever-Victorious General, accused of having prolonged the War, for his own Advantage? Nay, was not the War it self accused of Folly and Injustice, the voted of and Necessary by several P—nts? Was not the

The Second Part of Neck or Nothing. N-n accused of Male-Administration in his semment of Is -- nd, only for his Noble Zeal to five Religion and Liberty? Was not all those third Patriots called by the Faction, the F - to Lords, used of Deligns to overturn the Monarchy and nch Establish'd, for being Strenuous to preserve m, and that inestimable Elesting the Protestant ucfion? In fhort, was there a Friend to Britain, that s not charged with ill Designs, only to reader them tious to the People, and bring about our Enemies contrivances ? Brit.] Time has justified our Friends, and the immeinte Hand of Providence blatted the dark Defigns of In Dark Defigns, do you call them; they were stille as the Sun, to all difcerning Men. hers Whig-Pamphlet that did not from the first Appennee of Queen R \_\_\_\_\_ n at Court, tell us plainly the would follow? bil But, like Caffandra's Prophecys, no one beliewithem, till accomplish'd; nay, many are so stupid. this Day, as not to differn the Pretender's Interest with Bottom of all his, and his Accomplices De-Im. That is not the honest and ingenious Writer's lats; and I am of Opinion, 'tis not Stupidity, but incy in most, that pretend not to credit it; my mion is, that feveral who at first pretended to desbein, have, when they thought the thing as good as he, not only owned their Belief of the Delign, but hit.] We have been so often, not only the Dup's of one and Rome, but likewise their Tools, that I am he less furpriz'd with what you tell me now. I have dien with Grief observed, the Protestants are the first believe and spread about the Stories railed by Papists wide us, tho' they have heard a thousand times, t Divide and Destroy is their Maxim and Practice. But ntum to our Subject. Inm.] First give me leave to fay, That as every Camign cleared the General, fo Mr. Walpole's Letter did

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not whether the ill Return his Lordship's Honely and God be Frugality in managing the Publick Treasure metal his Sci from some of his deluded Countrymen, may not alist his. You how came he to shuffle himself into that high Polity Les Trum.] By the Death of the late Earl of R

-r till that Lord's D Brit. Was he not Tcease?

Trum. He durft as well, my Friend, have the Bear by the Tooth, as have dared to touch the T. Staff whilft that Lord was alive.

Brit. Twas faid he offer'd it to the Earlof N. Trum. ] And by it would have cheaply purchased theiring A shelter of so great a Name; but not the T-Staff, nor the Wealth of both the Indies could have vailed with that Glorious Man to have made one in Company and Measures, so destructive of the Protest Intereft.

Brit. I have been told, he did not defign a thon

Change. Trum. Not fo early, I believe; he would willin have kept fome honest Men in, to skreen him from publick Scorn, till his Defigns were riper for D covery.

Brit. ] 'Twas wished, that all had not laid down.

Tram. Twas by their Enemies then; would no in the G have had Men of Honour and Integrity shared the dium and the Punishment of his Crimes? Howard they were wifer, and I may add, juster to themselves Country: Whoever were in the Company, will about sufpected to have been in the Defign too: And howeverth Lenity of the Government may spare their Persons, # nothing can preserve their Reputations. Was it at wonderful, and even feandaloufly mean, in Men bom hi Superiors, to make themselves his Underlings? Su there was no Remains of the Ancient English Spiritle in them, or they would have fcorned to have done the Drudgery of fuch a Creature. But this is one Sympton, and not the least, of the Infatuation we were units that Men born to Command him, Sould choose to Oby rather. This, no doubt, gave People the Notion of his Mighty Genius; but in Reality, he had no mos pretence to that, than Maffinello had, of whom he was just Resemblance, both in his Capacity and Second

The Second Part of Neck or Nothing. God be thanked, he has not been able to fucceed Honesty: are met b This Schemes. gh Poli! him. My Subject makes me.

Leave it then, and tell me, what were the Diferies so much talk'd of, where we stood to hear the
troclaim d? have the frum A further Reform of our remaining Troops, Too water every bonest Man was to have been turned, to Bit.] It has been rumour'd some time, that two Comof N\_ rechased mining Military Friends; the other, to raise a new my, and Officer them as the Captain-General thought Id have been one in proper But that does not prove they would have been Protef Im.] Thank Providence, they had not time to convin you; nor will I affirm, they should have been a thon puts'd Papifts: But had not New Converts been the furthing in Effect, however they differ'd in Name. willing Int. That was a dangerous Experiment I cannot think a from t mid have been made. for Di Inm. ] Why, was there no fuch made? Int. 7 Not that I know. own. Irun. Then you know nothing of a certain Officer ould yo in the G-ds, nor Member of P \_\_\_\_\_nt. red the O-Ini. ] What Officer or Member do you mean? Howard Trum. The M\_\_\_\_ r for W\_\_\_\_\_ r, and one Coll. felves m always h Init. ] Who put the latter in? wever the frum. Where have you lived this two Years past, or fons, ye more ? s it m Int. ] Where I heard nothing of that O-r. bom his Imm.] Nor of his Nephew the Lord 3-n. ? Sur hit. I heard he could not take the Oaths, and fo pirit let both is Seat in P—nt; but how that Qualm of one the Conscience was contracted, I know not. mptor, Irum.] Even by his Acquaintance with his Protestant e unas, Unkle; and perhaps a good deal of that ill Habit of bey his Conscience might be contracted by his C-nship ion of and Campaigning. o mos Brit. Did he ever make one? C WH 1 Trum.] Yes, the Pacifick one, which abounded in Edifications and Convictions of that kind, and either tho. D 2 made

made or discovered many a Jacobite not before ful.

Brit.] Young Men will be in the Mode of the

Times.

Trum.] And should not be forgot when that Mote changes, the they should do so too, as they selion fail to do.

Brit.] Such are never to be trusted, since that Unlesdiness of Principle makes them one day feeming Friend the next, perhaps, real Enemies. The Son of Sirachs Alvice in private Cases on that Head, is very good.

Trum.] And Solomon's much better.

Brit.] But, what had Queen R-n to do in the

Irum.] To encourage, cherish, and reward such propa Instruments, whoever wore the Crown, we know twas be the Reigned, and that so absolutely, as no British Monard ever did. What Prince had we so hardy, to make a De zen Lords at once?

Biit. I tremble when I think on't.

Trum: Let him tremble that dared to make such bold Attack upon the British Constitution.

Brit.] Some call that his Mafter piece of Policy.

Trum.] Of Impudence, they mean.

Bris.] Why, call it what you please, it saved his Head that time.

Trum.] And may cost it him another time. But, pay, to consider this matter calmly, where was the great Master Piece of counting Noses? He had, by sitting in that August House, prophased it long enough, to know who and who were of a Side; there needed after that no great Cunning to find out what Number of Votes he wanted to secure him for another Day of Vengeance.

Brit.] But was there none to procure them?

Interest with the Queen, he might assure himself of her Majesty's Concurrence, under the strong Delusions they had kept her in, the only Difficulty was, where to find such a Number of Persons of Worth and Honour that would be OCCASIONAL PEERS, to serve his Turn. For my part, I could think of none, that would, but expected to have seen such as our Brother Ned, our Brother F—ly, our Cousin Tom, our Friend and Coursellor the Footman in S—nd T—d, our Plenipo the Draws &

then up Butcher to have rev of sool fittest for Lin pro-

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but er-Brother or fellor Paris Paris, Atty Brogue, to these we might have added Sir Com. and Brother Codicil, our honest Porter Scotch John, thel Roper, the Examiner and Mercator, De Foe, to make them up a Baker's Dozen, we might have taken in the Butcher that help'd to betray an Heiress to us, and so have rewarded him with a Title, as well as a Place of sool. a Year, these were the Men, in my judgment, stress for Tools, but judge my surprize to see a better Lin produced.

Brit.] Not to ferve the T----r, but Sovereign.

Trum.] I believe some of them meant it so; for being born to Titles, they had no other visible inducement to be Occasional Lords; but however they designed it then, I mapt to believe they have been sentile or their Msake, for 'tis remark'd they deserted their Creator H—ly, and never Voted for, or with him since; yet a Restitution is a principal Qualification towards a time Repentance, 'tis presumed their Lordships will persent theirs, by restoring to the Body Politick the Health and have they robb'd it of, by their missaken Zeal, to save ingreatest Enemy.

Brit.] I have heard you more than once Mention a

female Tool you call Abigail; pray what is the?

Trum.] A Gentlewoman, according to the Welfh, Irifh, and Spanish Account, that is, by the furest Side, the Mothers.

Brit.] What was her Father ?

Irum.] Once a Trader in this City, till Misfortunes forc'd him, as I am inform'd, to turn Preacher to fome of the Sectaries in our Plantations Abroad. All the Confirmation I have of this last particular is, that his Daughter Abigail used to divert her self and Friends by Mimicking bim in that Employment, for which he could not be more improper than she was tor a Court Favourite.

Brit.] How came the there?

frum.] By the ill fate of Britain, and the Goodness of a Person of Honour, who had the Missortune to be related to this Monster of Ingratitude.

Brit.] Who was that Person of Honour?

Trum.] The Dutchess of M——h.

Frum.] Of which she render'd her self as unworthy, is she did by her Ingratitude of that Ladies Favour.

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Brit.] How long has Abigail been a Courtier?

Trum.] For ought I know as long as the was a Chamber-Maid.

Brit. ] A Chamber- Maid, did you fay ?

Trum.] Yes, a Chamber-Maid, and happy for Britain the had been fo still, instead of Privy-Purse.

Brit. 1 You amaze me.

Trum.] 'Tis tsue, Britanicus, not many Chamber-Maids make such a rise, nor had she done it, if our ill Stars had not brought her by Accident to the Notice of the Dutchess I mention'd.

Brit.] How came it by accident, if they were re-

lated ?

Trum.] The Story is too long to tell particularly:

Take it in short, as follows.

The Mother of our Abig ail having married below her felt, was deferted by her Family; and the Father's Mistortunes having reduc'd her very low, a Relation took Mrs. Nabb, who I think was the Eldest Child, she quickly began to Discover ber Talent of making Mischief. the practis'd first in the Family, but in a small Time took in the Circle of the Neighbourhood, this made her too troublesome to be long entertain'd, the Gentleman at whose House she was, and to whose Lady she was related, never went from Home for any Time, but at his Return be found all in Confusion: In short, he told his Lady his uneafiness, and defire to be Rid of the young Incendiary, but the manner of effecting it, tho' one of the most Diverting Particulars of her History, I drop, at this Time. 'Tis enough she was discarded and forc'd to go to Service, who, or where she ferv'd is not material; but to shorten my Relation, being out of Lady R -- rs a Kentifb Baronet's Lady's Service, the was recommended to Mrs .- one of the Duke of Gloucefter's Rockers; As that Gentlewoman was making thenfual Enquiries in fuch Cafes, as where fhe had liv'd, what Relations she had in Town, &c. Nabb named the Dutchess, then Countess of M-b, upon naming that Lady the Gentlewoman that was Hiring her, told her, It the had the Honour, as the told her to be related to Lady, M-b, she was above her Place. There was at that time with Mrs. \_\_\_\_\_, two Ladys who were the Duke of M \_\_\_\_ b's Coufins, who perfwaded the Gentlwoman not to refuse her upon the account of

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her Alliance; for fince she had been a Servant to others, they did not believe Lady M \_\_\_\_ b would take it amis, the should ferve her. However, the other infilling in her Resolution not to take her, they offered to ask Lady M-h's Consent; which they did that Night, telling her the whole that I have told you. Lady M-h told them, She had never heard of any Relation of that Name; but upon Enquiry, being fatisfied of the Truth of the Matter of Fact, had the Goodness and Generofity, not only to take her into her House, and use her with all imaginable Kindness, but likewise to provide for the Maintenance of the Mother, Brother, and Silv of this Monster; the two last of whom has proved not less ungrateful; at least, the Sister has. As for General H--II, he, I hear, has not been much behind hand with his Sifters, tho' he has the Character of a md-natur'd civil Gentleman. But I suppose he erred by Aigail's Infligation.

Brit.] Sure he is not so wise as good-natur'd, if he

would fuffer himself to be misled by a Sister.

Trum.] I can say nothing to that, but am forry for her Husband, whose Family I have a great Respect tor. I wish she had not govern'd him so much.

Brit.] But still, how came she to Govern Kingdoms.

Trum.] The Poet says, 'twas by the Counsel and Aid of

H-ly, H-ly, St. J-ns and H-ly, R-rs and H-t, P-t and M-r.

Brit.] Did they bring her to Court?

Trum.] No, the rather brought them thither.

Brit.] Then how came she to Court?

Trum.] By the Interest of her too kind Relation, Lady M-b.

Brit.] When, and what was her first Post there?

Trum.] It I mistake not, she was made Bed-Chamber-Woman at the time the Princess lived in that them call'd Berkley House, now the Duke of Devonshire's.

Brit.] How long was she about the Queen, before she

proved ungrateful.

Trum.] I do not hear of any such Suspicion till ber Cousin H——ly came to be Secretary. And indeed, tho her Natural Ambition and Pride, together with her unsatiable Avarice, might incline her easily to fall in with

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with his Advice, yet I am apt to believe, he was the first Propoler. Her Interest with the Queen, made bim ba on her as a proper Tool to work bis Ends by. There either was, or elfe he thought it for his Interest, to present Relation to ber, which perhaps might in reality be upon no better Foundation than what he claimed to the Honourable House of Lords, in the Preamble of his Patent; and the pretence of Kindred, was a good Cloak on he fide for their Intimacy; her Reputation might other wife be in danger, tince ber Coufin was not thought the chaftest Min in the World, as appears by the Hints about Mrs. O -pe, who tho' pretty much upon the Decline. is fill too agreeable a Woman to want a better Gallani, if the had not preferred Interest before Pleasure, However as that Lady is a dear Friend and Allie of the Pretender's I am apt to believe, 'twas for his Service the fuffered Queen R \_\_\_\_n's Vifits; his Ears and his Pockets were good Correspondents; the first was useful to her Friends at St. Germains, the other, to her felt. But waving this Digression, the Design soon appeard to be this, that the should have the Gold Key, and he the T-r's Staff.

Brit.] Both were disappointed for that time, by the Discovery of G-g's Treasonable Correspondence.

Trum.] And a strong Presumption of his Master's, together with the Prince of Denmark's Interest with the

Queen, as I hinted before.

Brit.] This brings to my Remembrance, a Passage in your Neck or Nothing, of a Waterman between Gravef-end and Chatham, whom you told, us had not only his liberty restored upon Queen R—n's Accession, but also a Pension of 50 l. a Year, for his fecret Service, in conveying over G—g's Treasonable Packets.

Trum.] 'Twas his own boast to his Passengers.

Brit. | What was the Wretch's Name?

Trum.] BLAND. I could have added other Particulars, but that was enough to rowfe the Briton's Fear and Cares, I thought. As to the Story of G——g's Wife's Pension, her Interest with, and way of Bullying the late T——r, whenever the wanted more Money; as I had it not from Eye or Ear-Witnesses, I would not mention it, tho' said to be done often, and even so publickly, as in the Way, nay, at the very Door of the Council-Chamber.

Brit.1

The Second Part of Neck or Nothing. Was H Beita That Bulitefe'of G g's has never yet been bim ba ally discover'd. Algieray de ale per a suel a rua ni re either Dun. | Nor a great many other treasonable Things netend i hich have been acted: For Inflance, the Pretender's Exbe upon dings that is, the Friends and Motives to it, are fill to the Secret. Patent; Brit! I think the Author of the Scotch Memoirs has on her forthet and many other things, before Myferious, in a t other dear Light. I should be glad to know who wrote that ight the Book Bris ... and West of their rest liche s about In Tis more than gueffed at a But this we know ecline my Man might have wrote it that was in the Matters. Ballani. of to others to trade Jil Some take it all for Fidion. in the later of the transport of UWEVE ender's Those who would have others believe fo, may uffered My it is to ; but the whole has fuch an dir of ockets dility, and so many concurring Circumstances be to her dieto all Mens knowledge, that I shall take it for ut wahit. You are not singular in that. to be he the him; But to return to G-eg: Tho'he hang'd in, I believe Queen R-+-n's Conduct has convine'd: by the vall, he did not slove deferve it. harring which troums ad ence. brit.] Perhaps Providence Spar'd the Mafter Jonges s, towit did the Canaanites, because his Iniquities were not h the Soft and Reputal Im.] Or it may be, that the Thoughts of many ge in last might becrevealed. avef-Mit. That they bave been with a Witness. I believe ıs Lithe sie not many amongst us, nay, nor in Europe, the real Sentiments have not been made apparent. ulfo a weym.] So much the better; we shall then, I hope, at of for the prefants know our Friends from our Enemies an longer be imposed upon, to believe London was and by the Diffenters, because Abel Roper has the Iron utiwhere to tell us fo; or that the Whigs would bring in. eats Mandet, as we have been often told; tho', under 83 Methey were the Men that kept him out. In those, the mane of the Actions of K ves will be charged thing Men; and that we shall no more call Tray AS I not mate and Patriots, Traytors; the Revolution, that a w, a Rebellion, (which has been its common Ap tion with some Men these four Years past) nor Millorious Deliverer King William of Bleffed and Immorta

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Immortae Memory, an Ufurper; the Protestant Succe. fion in our prefent Gracious Sovereign, and his logi Progeny (whom God long preferve) a surfed Legan, & like the Rector of St. Andrews.

Brit, I Shall he be what he wished King William in

De Witted.

Trum. ] God forbid; that has too much the dir of his onn Principles, for any Man that is a Whig, to fall in

to it.

Brit. ] Would you then have fuch Speeches, and find Monfers go unpunished? Is not fuch Lenity and inflice and Discouragement to faithful Subjects !! too great an Encouragement to others to trans their Duty? Had some Examples been made at the lend sion, we had perhaps prevented many later Evilland salted by that Sett of Men that acted under K. and for him. denies, and to many constitues

With 12 agree with you in that Opinion; but am a Whig, and confequently a firm Adherer to Laws of my Country. What legal Punishments this to infilely without Respect of Persons, for Junice in be impartially dispensed to Rich and Poor, High, Low in a well-order'd Government

and the state that the state of the

Britt TriVe sik no more.

Trum, Then, you Electors, choose good Reputers tives," Men fearing God, and having Coveroufnes ; and h not fell your Votes, and with them your Reli Gunier, for the that must buy bis Country's Breaker of 1886 House, com's be wonder'd at, if he fell his m in is in the Man must have a very Publick Spirit obes officewife; and perhaps a great many Menti Fallures are to be charged on their covetous Electon.

Buch a well-cholen House of C make a dreadful Pigure in the Eyes of Queen & this Bretbren in Iniquity. 1 10 ; 61 an 101 on ennela

Train. But a glorious one in that of all House lies Twould make that August Assembly truly Velta their former Luft'e, which has been much imput Queen R We fronte no s Mete Ridicules it read has been it selbible. For the short with tome Men tiefe tour Teneral Park

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on Robin ; or, Brit.] It may be, revealing Secrets, betraying Letter 4, 41 accusing Fellow-Plotters, &c. And hall Trum.] These are a Repentance to be repented of Hovesb my Opinion; they know little of King George's ha MROOD dence, Wifdom, and Juffice, that fancy these things in fing mention, the way to Greatness, or his Royal Favor mol. Brit.] Well, leaving this to Time's Discovery, Line inemic take my Estimates of the Man by , the King's Behavi Brit. towards him. er enne at bis Command, 1 Trum.] Agreed : But yet semember, my Friend, Inun. Prince may find his Advantage of the Treason, the not to:1 hates both That and the Trayter; the DOUBLE TRAI Int. TOR, as I must justly stile Queen R-n, if wie you lell the; be true on ers noy beal I the W Livel DIOM O des Lidon't affirm at to be more than common Tal mit one yet there's no Improbability in it, when you could Ment and all his pasta deions, which are the viles the ever were recorded. One Article there is, which on Int.] firms any Sufpicion, which is, That the Popile and Friends the facohites, (who formed to know his Soul and by whose Directions, one would believe, fran. acted, they have for these four Years past, been all give facti early intimations of all be has done do al me to helent what I delated darklys! and as common Pame minimized I Thum & Be that as it will, I cannot think his chery to one Prince; will recommend him to an and ever he injur'd too as much as possible, and me nothing but the Power to do it more. It look upon y you call the Tokens of his Repentance, only as all But.)

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of Revenge upon his Rebellious Pupils, Abigail, Bthe Ministry was talk'd of, meeting one of his Ca tures, and talking of that Matter, I modefly twas true, the T- r was going to lay down? He fwerd, he was too Honest to do that, but believed would be put out . To which he added, That bis Engine Bad Been indeavouring to personale bin to refigurations. It suppose, the Rest of the West of the Control of the Rest of the Control Wisdom and Repentance, you mention'd) but the would not do it, the offer'd 3000 L a Mear to co him was, that he could not be brought into their the

Defgus. He faid, They were Men capable of any Victor

5 3

The Second Part of Neck or Nothing. Letter, of specially the last, with more to this Effect: 'Twou'd the one smile, to hear the Kettle (as the old homely hover has it) call the Pot black A-fe; I easily undofi shood the Honesty of chusing to keep ones Head, and ca.h is fingening 7 Millions a Year, rather than accepting ngs m woods Year, and leaving one's Lite at the Mercy of avon nemics about the LIM Brit.] But to return to our History, we left Queen ebavio 1- waking a Dozen Lords. Irun.] What Use he made of their Creation, I need iend, 1 et to semind you; his next Step was still more daring. m, th Bill What was that, I pray? TRAL In 1 Why to make Kings to tear away the Dominion of one Prince, and bestow it on a more Favou-H wh in Tall hily Unheard of Impudence! coolid Twas but of a Piece with all his other Acti-[ii.] Was not the Duke of L \_\_ n a Favourite, did this Deatness to Somebody's Instances, deserve a and, All in good Time; at prefent greater Friends to be ferved, Spain and the Well-Indies were made a lest of to the French King; sicily to the Duke of Serdinia was offer'd to our good Friend and My the Elector of B-a, but would not be accepalmobably would in our next good Mood have been hen him, had not these Dividers of the World, been diwhich we fee there is no Faith in Sin, and that there in over-ruling Power, that can in a Moment baffle heliconcerted Schemes of Mortal Creatures. bit.) Whilft he was thus generous abroad, he kept He Home; the Horfe, the Ordnance, &c. inm.) And you may add, the Government of Banbar. or that he bloods ve hit) Did all these great Salleries make him poor?
They made him (like all his Actions) hated, and nich in Infamy as well as Purse. Bir Some date the Quarrel betwixt him and B-te, to his refusing B—ke the bestowing the Government dbes. . only a certain & Trum.) I Brit. That

Brit.) And all their Boxes I hope, were I he, I've sell all their Prinks to be reveng'd of 'em.

20

his Visits.

Trum.) But hold, hold, not fo fast Friend, forlitte thould tell too; what would become of Someled the

Brit.) That's true; well, if they should all fall to ing Tales (as Cosen Bob has fet them the Example) then would be pretty Sport for Little, and foul Work for Million in Prairie 977 28 other some.

Train.) Not much foulet than was at St. 7-1 this Morning, if all be true that's faid. I militare and of Brit. Why what was that.

I From No great Matter, only a certain &-Brit.) In scatter'd his W\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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Bric.) the Lord -1

Trus.)

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The Second Part of Neck or Nothing. That was not for Fear I dare fay, but purely to Duft in the C--- I C--- , and upon the I'm.) Some vent their Griefs upwards, and fome it in-Cafeà Vision less another way, but a great Man Sould always do TAR . out of the common Road; now to have let the before come out of his Eyes, would have looked vulgar. Brit.) As from as the Mob had got this Story by the ratio d, they immediately thought the Right Honourable he Lord V \_\_\_ t B \_\_\_\_ ke, one of the Principal nes of S-e, was drunk. The.) Why truly Friend, I verily thought fo too, bland to lumpish, to Pale, and I know not howish, is the Cavalcade, besides was so very Leaky, so unsea-Perhaps his Lordship had drank a Dish of Tea family too. Varia dinary, to keep up his Spirits; and Tea you know 1 6 frm.] But it need not pass about House, tho' by ared. pur leave, neither need we make fuch a long Digression a Ma our History, only to hear how a Lord (faving your des be P-fed himfelf for Fear of a Reckonbit.] Which Side did the Party-Scriblers take, when can of the Confederates were fourfling for the Preheminence? Bran la They durft dischlige neither Side, not knowwhich was like to prevail; befides, the feveral Fachad their feveral Hireling Writers: The Examiner et close to Queen Robin's Interest, being paid by in: The Mercator and Monitor were in the Pay of B-ke: for thel, not being fit to be trusted with a Secret, r Orp benote at Random, well knowing if he cry'd up the yo hast Challer at Bar-le-Duc, and abus'd the House of Hanowith Emperor, the Dutch Abroad, and the Diffenters (.usi. Home, he could displease neither Faction, for however rifthey thy night differ in other Points, they but agreed in the but for the General the whole Scribling Pack kept to till the leasen blood of Lying and Stander, without preé) then fining to meddle in their Masters private Disputes, out for witter once or twice recommended to them, the WILL PAR h which of Whig Unity, but the Debate run too high for lo bis 16 his Wife Council to be regarded. "Majowhy did not the Reflor of St. Andrews interpoe his Authority? Trum.

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well as Talent; the first was the Tayl, as well de T one Party, and the real Contempt of every Pany other qualify'd himstor making Muschief, not Pean Brit.] Well then, what followed of these Discord

Trum.] A great deal of good to the Protestant W tho? a great deal of trouble to the poor Queen, who fo entirely loft her Authority with her Two Hos Fallions, that the was not able to command what Parish Constable can, viz. the Peneti - Y bio.

Brit.] Did her Majefty then know any Thing of the

Contentions?

32

Trum.] 'Tis faid the knew both that, and their To cheries to her; most People attribute her fudden End token in the Uneasiness and Grief these Discoveries gave her.

Brit.] What was the Letter so much talk'd of to Day Joy; I so Trum.] Leave that to Time's Discovery: I belief these that the Time's Discovery and belief these than I belief the Country of th

'twas Faults on both Sides, and dictated by the fame his violen too, whoever had the Writing Parts.

Brit.] That is the greatest of Villians, who first per fwades, next assists, and then betrays the Crime.

Trum.] Who could expect other of a Man of Long this dest by hriting.

Brit.] What, a Life of Infamy?

by this unlook'd for Blow?

Trum.] Sadly indeed, if they did ever more than they

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feemingly trust his Protestations.

The Mit. ] B given hall it

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The Second Part of Neck or Nothing. hi.] But might they not trust his Actions? Had he given France its Demands? Nay, more than it hall its Native and acquir'd Affurance, had the tront sk, or fanguiness to hope for, what neither its nor Artifice could have obtain'd under a former niftry, viz. Spain and the West-Indies, the Wealth and de of Britain, the Towns and Provinces purchas'd by Blood and Treafare, all thefe were made a prefent to Enemies, and Britons not only tamely, but too any of them applaudingly look on and faw it; was to for this he was call'd Patriot, the Friend and Fater of his Country?

Final Close, close, the Difmal Scene, for I am able to
the Diff it is a View enough to damp even this Day's
to Day
logic I fear it never can be retriev'd.

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we had by Loyal, Seeing People; still in some Measure to retire Affairs, and crush the Foreign Monster, as well as bonestick Foes; remember, my Friend, neither of Les the estructive Treaties of Commerce are yet approv'd weet. by heliament.

bit.] There is then still some hope.

line.] A great deal my Friend: From this happy
dient;
line.] And Fall of its Enemies at Home and Abroad.

line.] Leave that to our Superiors; a good deal towhit depends on your Electors, remember the Hapins of Britain, the Wealth and Liberty of its Inline. It is of the Protestant Interest throughout the World, depass upon your wife and honest Choice of Representatives.

his old [ Enough of this to me : I hope your feafonable with Cation on the Cartion on that Head, will have its due Effect upon

Tis their Interest as much as min e.

Mil.] That's true, yet every Man has not ventur'd fo

Trum.] Twas what I knew my Interest as well as buty, and did Discharge, tho at the Hazard of all that's dear to Man, Liberty, nay, Life it self. Was I theaten'd with a Scape Warrant, to prevent my daring

Brit.] Tho' I respected and lov'd them, as mud ,

you did, I was against your Venturing.

Trum.] I would have ventur'd more to ferve Matte had the Spirit, Zeal and Honesty not to decline Expence or Danger for their Country's Service, too many of our Friends shrunk at in that Hours Danger and Temptation, to our Shame be it fpo that we should be so indolently cautious when Brit Enemies were every where so active to undo us.

Brit.] Come draw a Veil over fome late unacon tables in Policy, for the fake of former Virtues. thank Providence, neither the Sloth nor Defection

universal.

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flood Candidates.

Trum. However, give me leave to fay, 'twas ad gerous Example to us little ones, and might have be attended with tatal Confequences to our Trade, Liber Succession and Religion.

Brit. But flill all this is foreign to our History. Trum. Why have you not heard enough to be fel

on't?

Brit. Of the T-tor I am, but that only fere to encrease my Defire to bring him to the last Period of hi Reign; we left him and his Subjects declaring War with one another, what was the Sequel?

Trum. ] Such as every honest Man wish'd, viz. The were all routed, all undone, and 'tis hop'd will be all

hang'd.

Brit.) Who inform'd the poor Queen of the

Animofities?

. Trum.) Themselves, her Majesty, I am told, kner nothing of their Wrangle, till 'twas come to fuch height all her Subjects faw it, then was the forcid toler each Side acquire the other of the work Crimes, on T-n, and in the worst Language, viz. Billington You are a Rafoal, you a Villain, you a Jade, you apuil Attorney, &cc. The Application of Traytor va come to them all : And as her Majetty is reported to be faid, Who would be a Queen to bear Language not fife Gentlemen to Speak, much lefs for a Princess to hear; it this comes of making Upftarts Sovereigns; I don't this but the Pretender himfelt would have had more man than his Tools showed,

Brit.) Trum.) bag enou nore than

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> > Bit.) fuffer'd Trun

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ty of La hit.) That's no Marvel, after ading the King so long thants, the ske the Grand Maners Master of Europe.

we Menths beereign or his Fellow Subjects.

decline any Brit.) Perhaps he studyed only the Exercise of Arbivice, which many Power, and so consin'd his Practice to his Ob-

t Hour fervation on that Head.

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Trum.) One would think so by his strain of Language and Behaviour, after his Return from France; for twas Customary with him after that, to let a Man of better Quality than himself wait in his Parlour an Hour or Two for an Andience, and afterwards send him away without one.

hit.) The Man of Quality was an A-s that

fifer'd fuch usuage unresented.

thum.) Why, prither Friend, what would you have the Man of Quality do? B—— he would not fight, unlife he had a Dozen or Two of the Queens Messengers to knock the Enemy down, and hold him so, then perhaps he might vouchsafe him a Stab or Two in his Back to Breast, or where he could but hit him.

Brit.) No wonder then Queen R - n and he never

took a Tilt.

Inum.) No, there was no Danger, they were better by half at Scolding than Fighting, and understood the Womans Weapon better than the Mans: The first they inew broke no Bones, and a Man might Sleep in a whole Skin after a piech'd Battle of that Kind; besides, they held close to the Article of Hereditary, and both of them had an Hereditary Aversion to Fighting, as Fame says.

Brit.) Why might not the Hereditary Aversion extend

it felf a little further, and take in Knavery too?

Irum.) I wish, for the sake of Two very worthy Pamilies in particular, as well as the Kingdom in General, it had gone so far; for what is it to you and I, who have the Places, if they behave in them as they ought?

Brit.) Would you have good Ministers remov'd, only

for the Pleasure of thifting Hands &

Trum.) No, that is a dangerous Experiment I never wish to see try'd again, not only for the sake of the less change, but likewise such a Tryal made in the Reign of our Glorious Deliverer King William.

Brit.)

Brit.) If high Stations would mend Mens Principles
I should be for Triental Ministers, as well as Triental his

Trum.) But fince to our Grief we know it wont, I am for Generals for Life, Treasurers for Life, &c.

Brit.) Your naming Generals for Life, puts me inmid of one of the late Charges against our Victorious General, the Duke of M— b and his Friends.

Britain or to Europe, bad fuch a Vote pass'd? The change of Hands has been telt sufficiently, I think, a Home and Abroad.

Brit.) The Bank was first alarm'd at the Change made in the Treasury, and felt it too in the fall of Stock to 95l. Yet 'twas thought a Crime unpart nable, to Address the Throne, which us'd to be the Right of every Subject.

Trum.) Was any Reproaches thought too much for Sir G—— t H—— cots Zeal on that Occasion? was not the whole Pack of Hireling Scriblers employ'd for to traduce him?

Brit.) That Gentleman could not do the most common Act o. Life, but it provok'd the Faction's Spleen, could be so much as see the Play of Cato, or applaudit, without being the Subject of an Examiner?

Trum.) Their Slanders are his Glory, and every other

honest B. iton's Honour.

Brit.) What, you hope to have your Share in that kind of Honour; will their calling you Mad Man dubb you a wife one?

Trum.) I am fure it will not lessen me in your Estem, who never took your Estimates of any Man from an

Examiner or Post-Boy.

Brit.) I hate the very Name of Post-Boy, for his info-

lent Reflections on the best of Men.

Trum.) And you may add, upon the best of Princes, remember, my Friend, his Paragraph of a Come over; can any honest Man think of that with Patience?

Brit.) Or his German old Woman.

Trum.) Have you forgot the Song which cost B-ke 50 Guineas, and a poor Knight of Windfor's Post?

Brit.) What was the Song?

Trum. I hated fuch Ribaldry too much to commits great deal on't to my Memory, but the Burthen was too remark-

markable sour'd the

Brit.) B

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The Second Part of Neck or Nothing. markable to be forgot by any Man, who lov'd and hor our'd the Protestant Heir.

A Crown is too weighty For a Woman of Eighty. England will ne're vary, From Right Heraditary.

Brit.) By that Rumble of Impertinence, it shou'd be

Trum.) Whose ever 'twas, the Poet had the Reward I mentioned, by which you may judge of B-ke's Refert for the Illustrious House of Hanover.

Bit.) He was never fuch an Hypocrite to pretend on, he only valud himself upon being Earl M - mers

Tool, and executing all his Schemes.

Inm.) That was in the Days of his Humility, but afte having been three Years an Apprentice, and one Year Joneyman to that great Schemster, he was for setting wfor himself, and trading on his own Stock.

Brit.) He would have made Work for your Pen; the would not have wanted many fuch black Articles s that he was in Pursuit or you for publishing to unfinally to the World; I mean the Commissions fent for

filmd, to raife an Army for the Pretender.

Irum.) Unfeasonable do you call it! I think fuch a Movery never could be more feafonably made, than then the Irish Parliament were ready to meet, you fee, henever to be forgotten House of Commons there, those zeain, brave Defenders of Religion, Property and the Hanoon Succession, did not disdain to take so necessary a dicovery even from so mean a Pen as mine, when 'twas ir the Publick Safety to do fo.

Bit.) 'Till their Discoveries corroborated yours, I pally could scarce tell how to credit your Intelligence.

Trum.) I met with many fuch Unbelievers, and wanted not many Diffwasions from publishing a Piece of News that might have cost me my Liberty, nay Life, had I fallen into the Hands of B \_\_\_\_ ke or his Bull Dogs.

Brit.) In what Book did you make this Discovery, of Commissions given (by the late Ministry) for raising Im in Ireland for the Pretender's Service?

Inm.) In my first Part of Neck or Nothing, p. 56. I there inform the World, ' Of a Gentleman that actual-

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Iy saw a Commission for raising Recruits for the Pred Army in Ireland; how many su h Commissions we given, he knew not, but desir'd me to assure the World that the Commissions could be the commissions and the commissions are the same of the commissions.

World, that these Commissions could not be given, without the Consent of Queen R—n; and that these Irith Troops, pretendedly rais'd for the Mine.

chal Villus Army, were defign'd to be headed by the

· Duke of Berwick, to bring in the Pretender.

Brit.] If you were thus early and bold in your Difcoveries (for I suppose you discover'd this Commission for raising Men in Ireland for the Pretender's Service, seven Weeks before any Men were listed for him in that Combary) I say, Mr. Trueman, it you were thus early and him your Discoveries, I don't wonder that two of the formers in the Oxford Almanack, was the Author of Necks Nothing, presenting an Address to the Queen (a) and certain Minister struggling to prevent his doing so.

Trum. No doubt (my Friend) but 'twas to ferre t Pretenders Interest, as well as to conceal their Guilt, the made 0 - rd and B -- ke to zealous to punish me to writing Neck or Nothing; but as Great Britain is nowble with a truly loyal and faithful Ministry, I hope we shall for force the Pretender from his Afylum at Bar-le-Due, and detect all fuch Traytors to their King and Country, that yes Plotting his Restoration. How far Queen R \_\_\_\_\_\_ name V \_\_\_\_ B \_\_\_ ke have ingag'd in this Treason, asit vs long fince detected in my Neck or Nothing (and afterthe by the feveral Affidacids made in Ireland confirming what I had before discover'd) so 'tis plain by the Examnation of Humpherys and feveral others at Dulla that what I had publish'd in my Neck or Nothing concerning the Commissions fent thither for raising Remains for the French Army, was no Fiction, and as this Confirmation of my Intelligence has given my other Di coveries Credit with those who were wandring in the Faith before, to it has convinced the World, how for Conably my Neck or Nothing was publish'd.

Brit.] Wd

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Loyalty, or an bumble Address to Her Majesty, relating my Readiness to prove those Discoveries I had pulished in my Neck or Nothing.

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h me for now ble hall foor Due, and that were — n and as it was after that any what Exami-

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.] Wd

Brit.] Well, I acknowledge that Discovery did great service; it open'd many a blind Man's Eyes to my Knowledge, and made many sigh for a Protestant Deliverer that did not think they needed one before, nor ever saw hopery, Slavery, France, or the Pretender, at the Bottom of some Mens Management, till then.

Trum.] Then, what Reason was there to blame the Publisher of so important, so necessary, so seasonable a

Discovery?

Brit.] For the Discoverer's sake; that is, for your

Sately.

Inm.] I was afraid you thought me capable of such a Wickedness, as to discover my Informer; but, believe mefriend, I would have died a thousand Deaths before I would have done a thing so base; the Rack and Gibbet should not extort a Secret from me that would injure my Friend.

But why should you not be as careful of your

on Safety, as your Friend's ?

Irum. I knew my Safety confided in the Kingdom's. and therefore applied all my Care to secure that from Mery, Slavery, Arbitrary Power, France, and the Presender. for this I ran the Risk of a 'Scape Warrant, to vote for the four worthy Merchants in the Election for our City. adsefuled my Vote and Interest in Bucks, to the Lord -gh and Mr. F-d, offering both at the fame time to Sir Edmund Denton and Mr. Hampden, becuse I looked on them as true Friends to the Protestant Succession and Religion, as well as Liberties of their Country; and I will be bold to fay, as mean a Man as I am, I could have made as good an Interest in Bucks as e'er a lord F \_\_\_ gb in England; but believing, by Mr. dampden's not answering my Letter, he needed not my Service, I did not think it necessary to venture a Scape Warant, only to show my Zeal. In short, 'twas for my King and Country's Service I wrote, even at the Hazard of Liberty, Life, and Reputation, which is as dear to me as either of the other; and if their Service requir'd it again, I would do that, and more, it more were in my power. In the mean time, I hall pay my Proportion of the publick Charge, as cheerfully as any Man in Breath; and it e remainder will not afford me an Englishman's Diet, of and Pudding, I will be as Loyal, as well Pleafed, with Bread and Water, to promote my King and Country's Glory, as if I had the Salary and Fare of actain General, Master of the Ordnance, Groom of the Master of the Horse, Lord-Treasurer, Privy-Seal, or greet Place in the Gitt of my Gracious Sovereign, who God grant long to Reign.

Brit.] Very loyally spoken; for those that following only for the Loaves, deserve not his Royal Favour; but that is the Mistortune of Princes, they can never know who are really their Friends, who are only their Fav.

ners.

Trum.] That is a Blessing added to the rest of the number less Favours of Heaven to K. George, that he can't be mistaken on that Head. His Majesty, whilst only Heir Profumptive, has had a thorow tryal of his Subjects, High and Low, Rich and Poor; he knows how every Manham aded, and by that, who are his Friends, who his Enemies: For his Majesty may be assured, those who were the Enemies of the Elector of Brumswick, are the Enemies of King George, however they may think sit to Grimace it now. On the contrary, those who showed themselves the true Friends of his Royal Highness the Elector of Brumswick, will be the same to King George.

Brit.] Yet 'tis believed his Majesty will make little or

no Change in the Ministry.

Trum.] God forbid, for then I fear his Majesty will have little or no Safety to his Royal Person, which will certainly be most Secure in the Care of his Friends.

Brit. There were several in Power, who, whatever

they might appear, were no Jacobites.

Trum.] There might be several in Places, but I am sue, there were none in Power; for, who were in Power, except Earl M—mer (alias, Queen R—n) Abigail and B—ke, all the rest were but Understrapers to this Glick of Queens, tho' most by Birth above them.

Brit.] A Glick of Queens; Pray, why not a Par

Royal?

Trum.] No, that had been bantering them too grolly, who had nothing Royal in them, except Power.

Brit.] I was atraid to have heard of a Mournival of

Queens.

Trum.] Tho' the Glick ufurp'd the Power, yet let's not

join them with the real Sovereign.

Brit.] Give me, in one View, a Summary of the Glick, that we may come to a Judgment, which of them were the worst Monster.

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Irum.] To do that, one must give an Account of tir separate Vices; which is not easy, because that it the fift three Years of the Change in the Ministry, in nich the greatest Evils were committed, they acted in oncett: Queen Rinhad the Defigning Part, the thers the Executive; B \_\_\_\_ke's was to Blufter, Abimil's to keep the real Queen ignorant, to lye, fawn, lander, and beg in Queen R -- n's Absence; in short. to infinuate into the Royal Favour, and inftil into the Swereign's Ears and Heart, the Poyson prepared by Hernodadyl. This was his own Province at first, and that for which the Poet represents him petitioning Nab.

Oh, wou'd you use your Intirest great, With our most Gracious Queen, Such things I'd quickly bring about. This Land has never feen.

Give me but once her Royal Ear. Such Notes I'll in it found. As from her sweet Repose shall make Her Royal Head turn round.

He faid, and fireight the thing was done; She gain'd him free Access. &cc.

louknow what follow'd, even all the Evils under the in, to unhappy Europe; a Peace worse than a War, and am Expensive too, at least to England; Expensive both Wealth and Honour; no Trade, no Bullion, no Creth, no Alliance for our Support, but one concerting for our Ruin, the Extirpation of our Religion, Liberties, and Protestant Succession, Popery, Slavery, and Arbitrany lower, just ready to break in upon us, and to be thaid on us with a Popish Pretender, the Tool and Fool of France and Rome.

Brit.] When Queen R——n and his Rival Queens panted Interests, what Mischiet's may we assign to each, then?

Irum.] Still Mischief was acted in Conjunction; for od Nab had deserted ber Cousin, she had not France, to Rome; the then took the Bull for the Supporter of Arms, instead of the Ox to the Bull; she added the

Purfo

Purfe and Miter; but still the Bull had the Right-Hand of Fellowship.

Brit.] Whilft these were her Supporters, what wash

Coat ?

Trum.] The usual ones of that Party, viz. the Col.

Keys and Flower-de-luces.

Brit. ] I should have thought, the ancient Armsol France, the three Toads, a more proper Coat, and very expressive of her Company, that Triumvirate of Traton the had join'd with.

Trum. What must she then have done for Supporter if the Bull, the Purfe, and the Miter, had been metamo

phos'd into Toads

Brit.] Why, could she not make a Change in he Eschutcheon, that had made one in the Army, Fleet, and Court ? a

Trum. ] Nay, the Truth is, that it was but just the Flower-de-luces and St. Peter's Keys should support her

that had fo long supported them.

Brit. ] Sir, you have very much oblig'd me, by giving me Queen Nab's Coat of Arms; and fince you are fo good-natur'd, I almost perswade my selt that you will be pleased farther to oblige me, by giving me ber Nanvity: For as I find you are universally Read, I am apth think you understand Astrology; and I cannot thinkthat the Malevolent Planets were dormant when this Monter of her Sex was brought upon the Stage of Life, wherein he has fince acted to flagrant a Part.

Trum. Sir, I don't pretend to much Aftrology; but s you are pleased to wher in your Request with such m obliging Compliment, I must tell you, that I have been at some Pains to calculate Nab's Nativity; and then tore shall be very ready to oblige you. I have it also dy drawn up and inclos'd in Partridge's Almanack, which

Lalways carry in my Pocket.

And here I shall first observe, that the Nativity Abigail Popling, for the extraordinary Razenels of the Configuration of the Planets, is scarce to be met with and might pals for Madam Maintenon's, confidering being born in the House of Poverty; for the in relat of her fudden, Rife, the shall be Famous, yet the shall be allow Inflamous in History, for betraying her Country. rad osd of the Ascendant in me; which thews the the have great Dealings with the Clergy, in Matters of L alm'i

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The Second Part of Neck of Nothing. jon and Policy. h in a Trine to 8, inclines her to be much troubled with the Heat of the Liver, and given to Boffin and Revenge'; tho' the was Fair in her Youth, and inclinable to the Vermillion. The Sextile of & and denotes her Preheminence over many of her Sex, but Falle to thole who were once her Superiors. And the being in an any Sign, thows the Infallibility of this he Fortune: For the the attains to this very high pitch of Grandeur by Flattery, with which the is addressed and tho' by the Sextile of 4 and & the turns and winds her Friends and Enemies, as the fancies, and aft this under the show of Justice and Religion, by promoting the Gergy, which for some time will prevail ; Yer as the wa born in a her fham Pretences of Temperance and Fin, will not last long, but the Veil of that her Sancthy will be taken off in the Height of her Protective with Flower of her Age : And h's Altitudes in an only Sign, in Conjunction with &, will unriddle all in fecret Cabals and andermining Projects to betray her Country, her Prince, and the Protestant Religion. Nor will it end here; but, as the would involve many Great Mons, with the Realm, into the utmost Contistion, in Shame and Difgrace will be more fudden than her Rife. Inquartile of Y and 2, and the Sexuite of 2 to the female, in Degrees, 4; Minutes of 20, shows the will he Banishment; or, as the Aspects of the Planets de-me, an Immurement, a much harder Fare: For the Comparation of To to 3. looks with an Asset Tolk of wation of h to d, looks with an Africa full of and Defolation, being in the Houfe of Death and De-Inflion. And the fas been a Paramour to a very peat Person, yet he shall not now be able to save her im falling a Sacrifice to the Kingdom's Rage. Bill Well, we have found Queen Nab a Coat of Ams and Supporters (as well as calculated her Nativity) but where must we find her Subjects? Iran.] All that longed to be Subjects to Perkin, would furthere submitted to his Friend's Government. Brit.] 'Twas faid, the Scotch and Weish tollow'd Queen n refpet n's Whiftle. Trum,] The Fools and Knaves of them might, but try. Y the bonest Part despised him as much as you and I did. for must not imagine every Man of them had their Caninge paid, or 20 l. down, 20 l. up, and 2 Guinea's Week Board-Wages, tho' the Raskally Examiner took

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if the 16 had not deserved their Pay.

Brit.] I hate all National Reflections. Can anything be more unjust, than to clap the Odium of 16, or 6 Mens Conduct, on the whole Body of a Wise, a Burn and Ancient Nobility and Gentry? Were Nations to be indeed of by the Actions of a few ill Men, culled on the Mischier, I know not how South Britain would loape as severe a Censure as the Northern Part: But ble fed be God, every Corner of our Island, both South an North, affords as Brave, as Wise, as Honest Men, as an Fart of the World; Men that are the Darlings of the Tresent Age, and will be the Admiration of all succeeding ones.

Trum.] The Noble Families of Somerset, Bolton, Shreet, bury, Devonshire, Rutland, Bedford, St. Albans, Montagn Kent, Grafton, Marlborough, Wharton, Lindsey, Dorchesn, Berkley, Nottingham, Sunderland, Radnor, Bridgwater, Lindsey, Carlisle, Godolphin, Guernsey, Essex, Dorset, Justy, Pelham, Townshend, Esc. besides many other Illustrion Names, Nobility and Gentry, Clergy and Laymen, at the Bishops of Canterbury, York, Salisbury, Oxford, Lincoln, Norwich, Sec. and amongst the Laity, the Walpole, Stanbopes, Steels, Lechmeers, Kings, Parkers, Hampins,

Greenfields, Onflows; all these have bleffed our life with Glorious Patriots and Heroes.

Nor has the North been unfruitful; they have their Argyles, Roxboroughs, and Montrofs's, their Levens, Linguist, Stairs's, Kars, Grants, and many glorious Name, impossible for one born at fuch Distance from their part of Britain, to repeat.

Brit.] Why are our Fellow-Subjects, our Fellow Sufferers, and Fellow-Protestants of Ireland torgot in your

Lift of Patriots?

Trum.] Are they forgot, of whom, I made such flonourable Mention? that Glorious House of Commons, who
made such a noble Stand against Illegal Power, against
Popery, Slavery, against the united Force of France and
Rome abroad, and ill Ministers at home? Can we for
get who set our Senate the Glorious Example of voting a
Reward for Seizing the Pretender, if he should land, or
attempt to land, in any Part of these Dominions?
What they were not suffered to sit, to perfect that
and the rest of their noble Undertakings, still their sin-

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invours were commendable beyond the Power of Lanmuge to express, and their Names will be remember'd
ith Honour, by all that truly esteem the Protestant
beligion and Succession.

Brit.] Did not their Actions so highly deserve your raises, I should think you partial to our Friends of Ireland, because they took your Intelligence of the Commissions south thinker for raising Troops for the Pretender's Service into their Consideration, and by their diligent and prudent Search into that Matter, consirmed the Truth of your Relation; for whilst that Article was in suspence, the Verzeity of your Writings was sunk almost as low as

Quen Robin's Protestations.

June, I thankfully own the Favour, tho' I'm not so vainto think 'twas for my Vindication those Noble Patriots exerted all that Diligence and undaunted Loyalty, but for their Religion and Liberties, and that only human Security or both the Protestant Succession; what imprial Honour they have gain'd by this brave and seafonable Appearance in the Defence of these, and Devision of their Enemies, however dignify'd or distinguiso'd, let the unanimous Praises of the Protestant World Witness; and to repeat our last Year's Toast, may every hims Parliament bave such an Ivish understanding.

Irit.] But we forget, we lett Queen Nab fetting up

for the fole Dominion.

Irum.] And her new Favourite in chief, the Bull, putting in for the fingering the Cash; they had been wild of the Sweet Morsel they gap'd for, the 4th Part of the Assertion, reserved in the Treaty to the Sovereign, and long promis'd to the South-Sea Company.

Brit.] Did Queen Robin prevent their succeeding in

that Attempt?

Irum.] 'Tis probable he might be Instrumental in Discovering it to those that did, but otherwise his Interest with the Real Monarch, was not at that Time sufficient to have done it.

Brit.] Insatiable Avarice, was not the Privy-Purse the Conferers Place, and that of a Secretary of State enough to gorge their Appetite for Gold, without the 4th Part of the Assents?

Trum.] 'Tis thought 'twas only lodg'd in Trust with them for another Person's use, there were Troops rais'd, and those must eat at Bar-le-Duc, as well as Ireland, be-

fides

fides the Expence of furnishing all Accountements to Gentlemen Souldiers.

Brit.] What must we pay for Rods, to be whipt with

Trum.] They that needed Rods to correct us with, at you fee, take Care they should be paid for.

Brit. Fine Projects !

Trum.] Nay, that was not all, another thomas Change of Hands was projected, all Queen Robin's Too whether Knaves or Fools (for he had both Sorts) in to be displaced; nay, he himself was, poor Queen, to deposed, that occasion'd what you Mistake for Petence, viz. his telling Tales, what he'll get by them the must shew; but we may easily Collect from what has be related, that his Penitence as you call it was nothing but pure Revenge, and all his Qualms of Conficient owing to a Consciousness of his Rival's Desgin at Power, together with his own Danger under their his ministration.

Brit.] The Glick; as you called them, are an inc. countable race of Creatures, formetimes they are the Queens, at others, King, Queen and Knave, so that they are a Glick or Sequence by Turns; how came their Addresses?

Timm.] By an unquestionable thirst of Gold and Power; you are to understand when these Ahimals came first in play, Robin the Trickster was their Sovereign; he govern'd and dictated without controul. Hurry Ganha was but his Apprentice, and Abbail his necessary Wo man. Harry was then but learning the Trade of Governing, with his Mafters other Arts of Tricking, Lying, Cheating, Slandering, Cozening, Frowning, Farning, &c. in all which he was teckon'd as great a Malter and Dealer as any in Europe; but when Harry's Three Years Apprentiship was expired, he expected his Master Should have taken him in Partner in the Trade, which he refus'd, but however was willing to keep him on a Journey-man, this discontented Harry, but there was no Remedy, fince Bob had got the Ascendant over the Widdow, for whom he pretended to Trade. She, good Woman, had fuch an Opinion of his Wildom and Honesty, which every Body elfe knew be had not a Dram of, that the trufted the whole Management of her Affarrs to him, therefore Harry was fain to mutter his

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Montents under his Teeth, as the faying is in my ments a Courty; as for Bob, he would much rather have parted in Harry than have been troubled with him, if he inf have spoke his Mind ticely, however, that was not be done at pretent, Harry's Wages was good, and in pes of better Times he smother'd his Uneafiness at this fuage, till his return from France, whither his Mafter ad fent him on Business of Importance, some say no is than that of outing the Right Heir out of the Widdow's mour and Estate, and agreeing with a young Fellow, Apprentice to a French Merchant, one Lewis Baboon. about fettling him in the Premisses. Now poor Harry hed no great Head-piece, befides, lou'd his Liquor and his Tend, better by half than his Bufinefs, yet he was as nert and forward I warrant ye, as if no Body knew more than he did. He made fo many Blunders in this Voyas that 'tis faid his Master often repented sending a Fool of his Errand, besides, he grew so intolerably poul and troublesome after his Return, both to his Maffer and every Body, that 'twas not to be endur'd; and tisfaid that this was all along of Lewis Baboon and his Factors, which put to many Crotchets in his Addlehe that he never would own his Master's Authority after his return from France : Some fay this was owing. to his having discover'd some Secrets of the Traffick, that he been carrying on between his Master and Lewis libon, about the Prentice I was speaking of, and some other Matters of Moment; what ever 'twas, 'tis ortain, as I said before, he would not own Bob's Authority, but let him know he was his Fellow-Servant. quarel'd for his Share of the Profit both in the Home and Impen Trade; nay, at last propos'd to him, to quit the bunels wholly, upon which Condition he should have 30001 a Year for his Life: In flort, falling in with Mill, whom he call'd Madam Governant, &c. for he was all in his French Airs, and what with that, his Youth, Complaifance, a sparkling Diamond Ring, the faid Lawis had given him, and a Token for Nabb, he gained her over entirely to his Party, and who more fierce against her Confin and Mafter than the : 'Tis whifper'd there had been some little Disobligation to Nabb, about that time she had ferv'd their common Mistress the Widdow long, how fithfully I cannot bragg, but she had so far infinuated her felf into the Widdow's Favour, that the turn'd off **leveral** 

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The S feveral of the best Servants in the World, at Mill fligation, and took in Robin at her Request, because 1 [. was Nabbs Coufin, forfooth. Nabb and her Coufin Cay did very great and gracious, till Harry's return from Fr the defig when it came in Nabb's Head all of a fudden to be I ma Gentlewoman, and have a Gold Key to hang at her Goll atures w besides this, 'tis faid, the had a longing Mind to he tributed, chase an Estate for her Bearns, for Nabb had, after Active an had lived to a good fedate Age, married one of the & vants, a good quiet Man they fay, who had neither go nor burt in him, but let his Wire do what the woul fo it brought in Money, and made Hay himfelf whilet Sun shin'd. Nabb had got the keeping of her Mistress Purse, out of which, no doubt, she fill'd her own We to this ! yet her thirst of Money increasing with her Gettin Asimls, (which you may be sure was great, there being good Variably in to be had in such a House) she wanted a Pension for Life, at here Mistresses Assistance towards Purchasing an Estate, a cash be I said before, both which Robin opposed, which so provoked Nabb, that she readily listen'd to Harry's offer of Gain in Friendship, and to force Bob out of his Place if he die in would not leave it quietly; this Bob thought they could not do: However, with the Assistance of the Chaplain, afigned b Frank Scammony, and the Attorney Codicil, they got him out of the Family, they had agreed likewife to get לתוב עד all the Servants remov'd that would not fide with them against Bob which 'tis not doubted most of them would have done, because no Body in the whole Family rely lov'd him. Now Harry Gambal hop'd if they could out Bob, to have got into his Place of Maker and Cashire, Tan pa but Nabb had another Intention than that of gratifying his Pride and Covetousness, which was to have put it in Commission; ber Husband and B -ke were to be In, Harry Gambol a Third, and if the could get any young Fellow to Marry her Sifter Nan (who was a Servant of the Widdows too, and as extravagant as Nabb was faving) 'tis thought he should have been joyn'd in the Commission, but the Widdows sudden Death spoil all their Defigns, both for themselves and the young Fellow, Prentice to Lewis Baboon, which they had promis'd to put into Possession of the Widdows Estate, if he would be kind to them, and continue them in their Places.

Brit.] Then you positively charge Bob with all the fint

three Year's Iniquities.

Trum.]

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The Second Part of Neck or Nothing. Nakk 1. I take his Man Harry's Word for that, who I fay did not defign it as a Slander when he spoke it, the designing Part for the first Three Years was all Bobs: m Fr I may fay, the Legislative Power amongst his n to ka tures was fingly lodg'd in him, the Executive he er Girler ributed, as he judg'd properest for his Ends, he had ... d to la Affive and Non-Active Tools, in the first Class, were atter fe the Se Writing, Eleding, Envoying, ither go Preaching, Mobbing, Negociating, e woul Addressing, Voting and Bulling ones. while the Aithrefigh We as this Class took in a large Number of Two-Legy'd to We as this Class took in a large Number of Two-Legy'd Gettin Asimals, all willing Astors, fo the other was lodg'd od Var finely in his Peaceable, General's Hands, unless you will on flate, a could be was a Commissioner in the Draw-back.

fo pro- bit. How shall we reconcile the Knight's Adjue. offer of Gein in the House of Commons, with that of a Non, e if he Am in the Camp. Int. The more inconfishent, the more Tory. y could hit.] Harry Gambal, I suppose, had the Bullying part baplan, ey got affered him, his Talent lay pretty much that way. Inm. | Therefore he was our Houfbold Bully, but there, to get htten wanther Genius as happy that way as Harry's. hit. Ay, I thought that had been impossible to would realy we met with. Inm. Have you not heard of a Plenipo Abroad ld out afhire, w read any or his Memorials to the Dutch this Four fying lan past; there was Language for you? put it hit.] Ay, Language fitter for Footmen to give and mive, than a Sovereign State and an English Early In. vel, twas a fad Time. **Joung** Inm. ] Only fuch as the wife King of Ifrael had feen nt of Gaylong before my Lord Str \_\_ ord was an Earl, viz. Ser omt riding on Horfeback like Princes, and Princes like n the their Servants walking on the Earth on Foot. llow, Brit.] Will you give me the Part every Man acted under Queen Robin, together with the Actors Names. d to Thum, Another time, 'tis more than probable I may, d be but at present I basten to tell you, that after the Sepafirst ation of Interests so often mention'd, the Monarchy was reduced to a perfect Anarchy, or rather a Chaos of Confusion; um.] and whilst the Dispute for Supremacy lasted, the grand

Affair all were engag'd in, (viz the Pretender's Rom tion) was at Hand; 'tis faid he was invited hither, and the French promis'd peaceable Possession, but durit not trut him feit steal felf amongst his contending Friends, without a Friends light fal Forte, which O \_\_ d or pos'd in pure Spight to B\_\_ wing; t and Mrs. Abigail. You remember his Motion in the familion, Honfe, about Foreign Troops.

Brit. ] I do, but took it as intended to keep out the

Guaranty ones.

Trum. ] That might be one Reafon for the Motion and no doubt it carry'd a double entendre, as all his Wood used to do; but that spight to Nabb and Bhad a great Stroke in it, is collected from two tems able Pallages, the first is, The Trick of fending Commit for Freland, to raffe Troops for the Pretender; the on was the Orders feet in the Queens Name, to the La Lieutenant of that Kingdom, commanding a few Profecution of all that were discovered either inlihi or intified, the first done by B - ke's Contrivance at least Conigance, the other by O-rd; tising than probable, I think, that B-ke was contiving but certain he was confenting in the Commissions for hither for raising Men for the Pretender's Service, whi confirm'd that he was concern'd in it, was his Rigigin me for that Difcovery, this, perhaps, timely Discovery, occasion d the Contrivance of faying it discovered the they were only Recruits for a few Irif Regiment in the Titheb Service, which us'd in the Law to be always retraited by Deferters: And now the Offices being commanded to make Brick without Straw, by the Guit Phoroad, that is, for compleat their Companies, we, poor Gentlemen, toted to have Recourse to Sin gem wiz. To inlift them in the Pretender's Name, only to prevent their Deferting, they having an Abhonement the French King. 11:

Brit.] This was the worst contrived Lye, except the of St. Winifred, to gain Credit with any Rational Go ture, that ever was invented by the Party.

Trum.] They begun with Lyes no bigger than Gun for fear of choaking your Faith; but when they had used you long though to Tales of that fize, and found you could swallow small Absurdities glibly then the tried you with Camels; fuch as Hereditary Right to ! cure the Hannver Succession, the Wbigs bringing in the

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them Build Searce The Second Part of Neck or Nothing.

Mender, the Diffenters Burning the City of London in 16, and their own Bibles and Meeting-Houses in 1710, 's Refine ther, and the French Ambassador's House being fir'd by the Wigs, trust him the strews out of St. Paul's, that the Roof ight fall on the Queen's Head the Day of Thankfiving; that General Mackartney made a Poke at Duke
in in the familion, who could not be kill'd by the Lord Mobun ingly: In short, the Band-box Plot (Abel's great Faout the founte) and forty more Improbabilities, were daily and bourly poured in upon us: For the warms of Po-Motio with Priests and Laymen that were daily flocking hither, had little elfe to do but to invent Legends for the Service of Mother Church, Father Pope, and their Tool the hetender.

Brit.] Of all the Inventions, none were more ridiculouly abfurd, than that fo many Thousands of Men as hadbeen discover'd to have been inlifted in Ireland, Englad, and Scot and, for the Pretender's Service, befides the great Numbers of broken Soldiers of the Popish Pedvalion, fent from this Town to France, should all kely secruits for 6, or as others fay, 10 Irilb Regimit in Monf. Le Grand's Service. But if fo, why were the Recruits to be cloathed in the English Livery, muched to Bar-le-due, review'd so otten by the Pretenin, and daily exercis'd in his Presence? Was this like idling them in his Name, only to prevent their deferting? Are the Papists amongst us so averse to the French ling?

Trum.] The contrary is apparent, which makes them ever fit to be employ'd or trusted by their Protestant hinces: Besides, did not the Deserters, which they by, recruited those Regiments during the War, know twas the French Service they enter'd into? And if fo, how came they all on the sudden to have such an Aversion to

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Brit.] Some will tell you, then, 'twas for the Duke of

Lorrain these Troops were raised.

Inm.] And so some will tell you. the Letter handed about here in Answer to Somebody's Instances, was written by the Duke of Lorrain, and the Hereditary Folio by Mr. Lefley; yet 'tis more than probable, neither of them came farther than from Buckingham-fireet in York-Buildings. Remember what I formerly publish'd of the heared made after Harry the Eighth's Will, the Money it cuft, H 2

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eoft, and who paid it (a). Remember likewise how Me Bedford's too mild Sentence was remitted: And obsenthe Stile of the Duke of Lorrain's Letter, is it not entire English ?

Brit.] Was then the Contrivance of raising Imopa

of Natives, Harry Gambol's?

Trum.] Queen R-n's Directions in the Queen's Name to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, for a feren Profecution, makes many think 'twas Harry's, Codicity Frank Scammony's, and the Heads of that Gang.

Brit. ] Projecting was never Harry's Province, he on boaffed of the Executive Part, and that he was very Ac tive in that Sphere, we may conclude by what the Bal

ladeer tells us :

Young St Johns to thefe, had the next mighty Share, And all must acknowledge that be was As bufy and warm in Perkin's Affair. As in her own Hive, any Bee was.

However as all our first three Years Evils, which this -Kingdom will not recover in almost as many Ages, a an Ignominious Destructive Peace, the Loss of our Trade, the Breaking with, and even Giving up our Allies and Religion with our Succession, to the Power of France, betraying the Councils of our Faithful Confede. rates to theirs and our Country's Enemy, flarving our Soldiers and Seamen, giving away Spain and the West-Indies to the French King; for so it is in Reality. As thefe, I fay, and all the other Steps that have made us poor at home and contemptible abroad, were all projected, advised, directed, nay even commanded by Queen R-n, we may allow him to be the worft Man in Britain, and the greatest Vil-n the World ever produced fince the Traytor Judas; and as he had the greatest Hand in our Dangers and Difgraces, so he ought in Justice to have the largest Share of the Ignominy and Punishment, due to the Transactors of such Wickedness.

Brit. Not to excuse his Accomplices in Treason

from their Deferts.

Trum.] No; but still let the greatest Criminal have the greatest Punishment and Infamy, even a doubletteble Portion of both.

<sup>(1)</sup> See my Address to the Queen, intitl'd, Whig-Loyalty.

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Brit.] You mean the Grand Deceiver and Seducer, M-h. Sure no Man was ever such an Emblem of the Devil: For first, like Satan, he drew into Sin; then, like him, turned an Accuser of the Brethren, and would likewise be their Tormenter, were it in his Power.

Trum.] Ay, and yours, and mine, and every Man's, that would not be his Slaves. However, what I can never pardon him, is his prophaning the most facred Things and Places, by bestowing all Ecclefiaftical Preferments upon the most unworthy Wretches; as the Deanry of & Patricks in Ireland, upon a protest Atheist, a Monster that had banter'd all Religion; the Deanry of Wells in England, on a treacherous perjur'd Vil -n, as a Reward of his Perjury, to overturn the late Duke of No-le's Will, and cheat the right Heir; and or his Treachery in berraying the greatest Heiress in England to his Son. This last Article was a strange Surprize to the late Queen, when she was informed a tew Days before her Death, how that Match had been made, and how fbe had been imposed on to Reward the Vil-n that had made it, with a confiderable Ecclefiaftical Preferment. This was enough to let her fee how the had been used in other things, and how little H---- ly had deserved the Confidence she had honour'd him with. But waving this Digression, I come next to tell you, the other Ourch Dignities were not disposed of much better, nor for better Motives: One Pair of Lawn Sleeves was given to make our Daughter Betty a Marchioness; another, to fecure the Independency of the Church upon the State; and many more upon no better Foot: But why the Cunte of Woolwich was made a Primate, I confess, passes my Understanding, unless for being the worst Man in the World, his Benefactor excepted.

Brit.] I dare not name the Living of St. Andrews, or Deanry of Ely, for fear of making you warm: I know you can't easily command your Temper when one

names the Doctor or his Friends.

dom of the Nation has intail'd the Crown, and which, I pray God, may enjoy it, till Time shall be swallow'd

up in Eternity.

Dear Sir,

T Nderstanding, by a Friend from London, that Honest Mr. D. aton is in Jeopardy of falling into the Hands of the Publick Enemies, who are exaften. ted by his plain Detection of their treasonable Practices. His barbarous Confinement to the Fleet-Pri. fon, on a very unjust Account, makes his falling in. to the Hands of the Meifengers, in fearch for him, unavoitable; unless prevented by a speedy Remove thence to some Place of Safety, 'twill be an ever-· lasting Reproach to that Party be has, from his fof dawn of Reafon, to this Day, fo firmly adher'd to; and · likewife to the Interest and Country he ventures his Liberry and Lire to secure, if either should desert " fo faithful a Friend; I may ald, fo fu celsful a one. For his plain uncorrect Writings. (as he modeftly calls them) particularly his Neck or Nothing has opened as many Eves as Such \_\_\_\_ ll's Sermon closed. The " good off its of his Discoveries was very visible here · last Election, where the Jacobites lost the Day only by the to ly differing his Relation of the Popp Maid, the Fraveller from Lynn, the Waterman twist Ro hefter and Gravefond, the Commissions fent for Ireland to raife a Popilo Army, his Account bow the Number of Papifts at London came to be made fo inconsiderable, and of the Intimacy between a certain Sceretary of State and that Irith Affin, Sir Patrick Lawlefs. A Collection amongst our Friends to release an honest injur'd Man from an unjust Confinement, that exposes him to certain Ruin for his Country's Service, fure cannot be hard to make. In the Intrim, let no Time Le I it to secure him. I am told he lodges at in the Liberties of the Fleet : Pray enquire him out: · I will A ...

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The Second Part of Neck or Nothing.

will be your Debtor for the Sum necessary to remove him from the Fleet, into some Place of Sare y, &c.

In obedience to the Contents of this Letter, I went a directed, but found you were removed the Day beside. There I learnt your narrow Escape from the Bull-Dogs (as you call them) their Diligence to find and seize you, and the Inhabitants Resolution to defend you, it Occasion required; by which I tound your timely Remove had prevented some Bloodshed. But as I never could find out your new Quarters, nor hear of you, except in a Hanover Courant, and the Shape of a Ghost, I'm fill ignorant by what Means you got clear of the Fleet and I—ke.

Interest for the prefent; however, as I an known to bear an honest Principle, I often find a Lending Friend in any Exigence, your generous Correspondent with a solution of the prefent; however, as I an known to bear an honest Principle, I often find a Lending Friend in any Exigence, your generous Correspondent is the only one ever offered me a Shilling gratis. May I not know who tis I am obliged to, for such a kind

Intention?

Bit.] When I have had his Leave to name him, I will; in the mean time, I must tell you, tho' he has not a great Estate; he has a great Soul, and is as good a Friend, as good a Neighbour, as good a Subject, as good a Christian, as ingenious, and honest a Man, as lives; the reverse of B——ke in Principle and Practice; and tho' himself, like you, a moderate Churchman, yet took your Character from a Diffenting Minister, his Neighbour, an excellent Preacher and Christian. This is the only Acquaintance of a Dissenter I have in the World, add has engag'd my Esteem for all of that Denomination. You know I was once as much prejudic'd against them, as any body; but your Discourses, and my own Experience, has converted me.

Jam.] I always told you, there were not better Subjets, not better Christians than the Dissenters. I have
often wonder'd how those who disser only upon Ceremontals, which are acknowledg'd not at all necessary to
salvation, should quarrel so for Trisles, whilst both apresenter Substance of Religion. This is the At since of

Popery.

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Popery, which seeks to Divide us, only to Destroy both. And one would wonder by what Magick 'tis that the so of orten prevail, even on the best Members of the Establish'd Church, to come into the Popush Dostrine of Persecution for Conscience-sake, that infallible Mark of the Beast, and an Apostate Church. Did not I know the Church of England disclaims this Dostrine, I, the hel and born in her Bosom, would renounce her Communion for ever.

Brit.] The Schifmatick-Bill was opposed by the best and wisest Members of the Establish d Church in the Houses of Lords and Commons. The Current run there so strong for France and Rome, all their Essorts were vain; the Lords, ind ed, temper'd the Bill, took out a good deal of its Venom, but could not stop its Progress. The bot Heads prevail'd so, and such was the Institution, that their Christian Charity and Justice was laid to them as a Reproach, and denominated them Presbyterians that knew no more of a Meeting than they did of the Alcoran.

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Trum.] They knew tho' the Toleration Act, and that this Bill was a fwinging Innovation upon it. Ob, bad they spared the Queen that last Blow to her Fame and inviolable Faith, they had perhaps spared Heaven a Blow which we all lament, and they may one day teel with Intour.

Brit.] Twas B——ke that boasted of that Act of Injustice and Cruelty, and added to it two other Works of Darkness, that are enough to give one an abhorence.

of the Man.

Trum.] Some Men have such a Gust for Persecution, that they will think his Morning's Work enough to commute for all the Vices of the Day, even for the enormous ones of Drunkenness and Adultery, with which he brag'd he had concluded that memorable Day. But we forget it grows late.

Brit.] Is your History ended, for I can't think of

moving, till then?

Trum.] Were I to relate every ill Step of the Ministry, and their Friends and Faction, together with their late. Divisions and Sub-Divisions, my Subject would be rather a Month than Day's Discourse: But what I have told you is enough to convince you how near to Ruin Britons were, that none but the immediate Hand of God did, or could deliver us.

Second Part of Neck or Nothing. It has been fear'd there was another Maffacre

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Tran.) That a Bruth was expected, was collected from great Numbers of Papills (much greater than ever known late Years, and many of those out-law'd Men) thered to London, with incredible Numbers of Popile rieft, who never come but for Mischief: Bendes it as taken Notice of, that B-ke was very prefine his Pather to remove his Family to France for fome litele fill, as he hop'd, the Pretender was fettled here. Three Times, 'tis faid, the Winds drove back Sir Harry, at his Son press'd a 4th Attempt; the good Lady's Care was to preferve her Furniture in the general unier, and Confusion the expected; they might peransfare as ill as any Whigs, this Knowledge of their del Sons deligns, together with the putting the Second Sminto the same Service, will make it Hard for Charitritlelf to Vote the Father altogether Guiltles; I will nd Name a much greater Person, for whom 'tie reported lagings were provided at Montpelier, against September, hy which Time 'twas suppos'd Barcelona would be reand the French Ships at Leifure to Transport the Quelier and his Troops to Britain. You remember prelling Instances used to the Dutch, to fend their But to the Baltick, and the Tricks us'd to get rid of the Guanty, or render it impossible to be serviceable to the defint Successor, the Alteration made in the last may, by interting the Words if demanded, or not unless miled, shewed plainly enough, what was intended; to Omission of which Clause, and Care taken to secure Execution of the Treaty, was, no doubt, the true Cause of the Party's Rage against the Lord V-t whend, but Providence has broke in on all their dimeive Schemes, scatter'd them in a Moment, and thereby taught us never to distrust its Power or Mercy, a nothing is impossible to its Power, so nothing is conceal'd from its Knowledge, it has made good the uccession, which they hop'd to have defeated, even at the very Time they would make us believe it lay fo near their Hearts. Oh, may it deliver this Kingdom from the Guilt of Innocent Blood, which cries loud for vengeance on some Men amongst us.

Trum.

What Blood do you mean, Truman \$

Queen Robin: or,

Trum. The Blood of the Brave Catalans, a People no Britain ought to Name without a Tear and Bhill.

Brit. ] Compassion is the due of the brave and injured but yet a British Whig may name a Catalan, without a tobe fit Blufh ; let them Blufh and Bleed that have given up the bravest Men on Earth a Sacrifice to curfed Ambition, that is, let the Blood of those injur'd People be added to the Account of all the other flagrant Crimes of the late Mi. nifters, for fo I call Queen Robin, B-ke, and the lory; Tools, already collecting from the Wildom and Juffie and Mi of cur present glorious Sovereign, their speedy removi a Perfe from Place and Power.

Trum. I am of the fame Faith with you in the figns: Point: Nay, I go farther, for I hope to see the Consideration of that Tyrant that has so often threaten's the limit bertys of Europe, and that the Divisions he has so in dustriously propagated amongst his Neighbours, my one Day by a just Decree of Providence tear out in things Bowels of his own Kingdom, his tricking Renunciation than by the made Effectual, and all his Blood and Rapine in Edite.

turn'd on his own Head.

Brit. I shall not be forry to see the justice of Heave methe to clearly vindicated, but in the mean time let's no forget our Domestick Enemies; will not the Men wh have endeavour'd to defeat the Succession of King George, dread his Majefty's and the Nations Vengencen How will they that oppos'd the Prince's coming hither as Duke of Cambridge, bear to see him come as Prince in an arm life as of Wales, and Heir Apparent to the Crown of Bittin, will they not be ashamed, and tremble at their but but to fac'd Treasons.

Trum.] Which of those Men do you exped to is the asham'd, the Examiner, Mercator, Monitor or Abel?

Brit.] Those that employ'd the Villains, vil

O -rd and B - ke.

Trum.] B - ke is a young Sinner, and perhan has not yet lost all Sense of Shame, but 0—has a harden'd Impudence; I expect he'll make a ment tissy'd Succe of his Crimes.

Brit.] What, make a Merit of Treachery and In- caft hi fon, consider, he has a wife, a just, and steady Prince to deal with, one that cannot be imposed upon by to be Lyes and Slanders; but if, as the Son of Straeh fays, is to be King should fet bim by him, he will, sooner or him but so

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The Second Part of Neck or Nothing. the his Jacovite Ruft is not clean wip'd off, tho' one njured, would think it impossible for a Man of his Education hout a tobe fincerely a Jacobite. that is, to the never for his Temporal Interest, tho' that to the never for contrary to his Eternal one; 'twas late his hat, I take it, made him one Time a Whig, another, a nd the lory; fometimes a Diffenter, at another a Church of Eng-Justice land Man; this Day a Preacher of Moderation, the next removal a Resecutor, in short, any Thing, and every Thing by Turns, as he thought it promoted his Ambitious Defigns: I do not Question, but could he have gain'd the see the Confidence and Favour of the Protestant Successor, and his Approbation of his being made Prime Minister (or other MONARCH in every Thing but the Name) he would much more willingly have struck in with an interest so that the Nation, so easy to be supported, that by venturing at Resources, hazard his Life and that I size my Friend when you for the life. Mit. | Sure, my Friend, when you fay this, you for-Heave gette Business of Gr—gg, and how early and unprolet's no when he appear'd in the Pretender's Interest.

Imm.] Do you, Britanicus, imagine that was out of pure Disinterested Love to the Pretender, such as yours and mine was to the Hanover Succession?

Irin.] What else could it be, that he would venture life and Fortune to Advance, was not that Love?

Irin.] Yes Love, but not to the Pretender simply, weir bar has own Wealth and Grandeur, his Aim, as soon a secretary, was the Treasurer's-Staff, but how to gain that was the Ouestion, he saw the then Possessor so well ed to be that was the Question, he faw the then Possessor so well delified in the Royal Favour at Home, and that of the ins, vi Accessor Abroad, that twas in vain to hope of outing him by any fair Means, especially with the Successor, perhaps who had a firmness not to be impos'd on by idle and illgrounded Standers, still this Iteh of Governing must be satisfy'd, and fince it can't be done with the Protestant Successor's Approbation, it naturally follows that he cast his Eyes another Way, where the Case being despedy Prince the might make his own Demands, this being done input by Gr—gg's Affiffance; the Secrets in his Power were to be communicated to his new Ally, as a Pledge of full lidelity and future Service, when opportunity offer'd; but full there was a Difficulty to be remov'd before he

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could hope for the Staff he aim'd at, which was my Lord and Lady M——h; he had not access enough to the Royal Ear, to be able to accomplish this quat Work himself, a proper Tool was fix'd on, as I have before, which was his Cousin Abigail, as ambitious to be a Lady M——h, as he was to be a Lad G——n, her easy access to the Queen, and her lents so well describ'd by her self in her memorahe Dialogue with her Cousin Traytor in these Words;

My Dispositions they are good,
Mischievious and a Lyar;
A Sawey proud ungrateful Brute,
For France and Rome entire.

Made her a proper Instrument for him to Work by, a thort, by her Aid he accomplished his Delign, which was only to make bimfelf Treasurer, but baulk'd his Con mion in Mischief, as much as Heaven has done by An at Bar-le-Duc, for he never got her the promis'd KET tho he did the Privy-Purfe. Now how far he me delign'd to perform his Engagements to either is impossible for me to fay, with any certainty, but it must own'd, he bid as fairly for't as if he had fince intended it: As for the first, it is fure, he left no thods of Perswasion untry'd to place his Coulin in the Room of that admirable Lady the Dutches Comerfet, or at least to remove her Grace from the Queen, tho perhaps could he have effected it. might (according to his usual Sincerity) have filed up the Vacancy with a nearer Relation than his Countries the 15th Degree of Consanguinity, tho that is a more Alliance than any he could justly Claim to the Hor able House of Lords I believe, begging the Preamb Writer's Pardon. As to his Friend at Bar, the but one Reason I can readily think of, that can call be Sincerity in the Article of his Refloration (as his Creation tures affect to call his coming hither) in Question, which is the Danger he might forefee (if he reflected at all) a meeting as powerful a Rival in my Lord Middleton, ever my Lord G-n, or Lord M-b had been, an tho' it be impossible to account for another Man's Co prices or Intentions, yet you must own what I say he more than a lare dir of Probability.

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Brit. I own it, and yet his Conclusion of the War, le Articles of his Peace already discover'd, which no bubt are not the most pernicious ones of the Treaty; his Treatment of our Allies, particularly the Protestant ones, his Melice to the poor Barcelonians abroad, and the Prench Refugees here, as well as all other diffressed Fo-reign Protestants; his Usage of our Diffenting Brethren, particularly those he had been educated amongst, which he encouraged, paid, nay instructed every one of his Scribblers to traduce and infult in a most vile and Candalous manner, and even threaten with bis Refentment. which was always the Government's; his vile Slanders of all the British Patiots, who his Writers halloo'd the very Mob to worry; his Treaty of Guaranty, and those memorable Words [If Defired] inferted in the Body of it to render the whole ineffectual; the many Tricks and Sortigems made use of to get entirely rid of it, for it might some time or other be a Bar to the Preten-Hopes; his winking at the tricking Demolition of ire, and suffering Mardyke to be substituted in its m Numbers of Rebel, Outlaw'd Subjects, the Eneof our Religion and Succession, ro come over him of our Religion and Succession, ro come over him of whilst he took care to get the Ad for Naturalizing relants, repealed, to keep them from coming to us, har of frengthening the Protestant Interest too for France to impose a Popis Pretender on us; his codrous Zeal to telerate or rather establish Episcopacy. is, in plain English, Jacobitism in North-Britain; t above all, his infolent and scandalous Treatment of Protestant Successor and Succession, not only in the fon of all their British Friends, from a Duke to a fice of Peace, from a General to a private Centinel, but in the Person of his Ministers, pay suffering or ting his very Title to be openly arraigned, both in Hereditary Polio, and many other Pamphlets, partiquarly in those for which he bail'd his Scribe De Foe, not only fo, but fuffering, nay rather encouraging his bosom Friend, the Author of The Conduct of the Allies, and Dean of St. Patricks, to threaten the Succession in that Book, as he did the Diffenters in The Publick Spirit of the Whigs, the first with a Change, the second with a Lab, and using Hands, the Hands of Papists 'tis suppoad was meant, by the case he took to fill the Town

with them, I may fay, the Court, the Army, the Church, the Senate-House, and the whole Kingdom with them. Now, if Actions are the best nay only certain Proofs of a Man's Principles, (as sure they are) especially when those Actions are tree and unconstrain'd (as in the present Case) may I not justly pronounce Queen R—na facobite, a real Friend to the Pretender.

Trum. | Still 1 affirm, he was really a Friend to me Man living; neither is he capable of being fo; but when he had engag'd, and had likewife a Power for performing that Engagement, fomething must be done to bulb his expecting Friends. This forc'd him on many Steps his Reafon, nay I believe his very Will averse to his End was first to get, and then to keep the Quality of Prime Ministe:, or rather the Power and Riches of fuch a Station; but to do this without Supporters, was in-He try'd a thousand Ways to gain the White to do it; and fince they would not, he must look to tiother fide. In return of their Support, he must do? Thousand illegal Things to please them, and one ill Step must be justified by another. This run him quickly too far for a Retreat with any Safety. He knew he was their Tool, as they were his; that they both hatel and diffruited him at the fame time, that they were under a Necessity of making use of him. However, as I faid, twas past retreating with Safety to his Life, which routh certainly, with such a Load of Fear and Guilt, be but an uneafy Burden, yet fuch as twas he could not part with it, because his Profest beyond the Grave could not be very pleasing. This makes me think he had gone on to ferve them, had not the Management of Nab and B ke provok'd him to try another Game, to secure himself, and be reveng'd on them. This I really take to be a true Account of Thing and Persons; and to conclude my History of these Great Criminals, as the Reverend Ordinary of Newgate does his of the Leffer ones. This is all the Account I hall give at this time of thefe Criminals.

May the great Hand of Justice
Now brandish it self
On them all in a Lump,
From that double tipp'd Elf,
To the fag-end of the Peerage,
The last of the Twelve.

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Brit.] Amen, I fay : But fure you will not move till we have another loyal Round to our King, our Prince, and all the Royal Offspring, with a Health to all that love them and Britain.

Trum.] One Round is enough to show our Loyalty, let us now evidence our Temperance and Charity, by bestowing that Money you would fpend in Superfluous Liquor, on the Poor, that they may Eat to their King, their Prince, the Royal Offspring, and all the Friends

you named Prosperity, as we have Drunk to it.

Brit. ] With all my Heart, the Motion's good, and I return you Thanks for that and your instructive Entertainment. I shall be glad to wait on you at your Home, before I leave London; and to correspond with you after, bow may I Direct my Letters? Will they be accepted ?

frum.] They will be efteemed an Obligation, and if Directed for me, to be left with [Mr. William Lutwich at the Sword in New-Street near Fetter-Lane ] will always be filely convey'd to me, whether in, or out of Town, as

my ill Health often obliges me to be.

Brit. Have you your Hereditary Distempers, the Some and Rheumatifm, those good Friends to the Phyficians ?

Trum. And bad Companions to a Poor Man.

Brit. I wish you better Health, and shall be impatient for your Promise of THE GOLDEN AGE; when is if to commence?

Trum.] From this Day. Brit. ] And when to end?

Trum.] Never, till Time shall do so too, fince it can never end, but with the Protestant Succession, of which we have Three Illustrious Georges in view.

Brit.] I'm told but two, the little Prince's Name is

Frederick-George.

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Trum.] But we'll transpose the Names, and have them George-Frederick, that we may never want a King George.

Brit.] Then every Male must be a George of all the

Royal Race.

Trum.] By all means, 'tis a good Omen to Britain. Brit.] May it be always Glorious, and every Royal George possess the Vertues of our present Sovereign, we ask no more.

Trum.

Tram.] Nor need no more to make us

People.

Brit. I But when may we expect your Directions in our Chaice of Members for our County the enluing Election. Your Advice, I dare affure you, will have its due Weight with your Countrymen of Bucks. We faw the Writer of The Publick Spirit's Complement to Mr. Dunton when he afcribes your Neck or Nothing to the Barp has been described your Neck or Nothing to the Barp has to use his own Expression) of the Earl of N—m. He acknowledges that Book's a cutting Satyr on the them Ministry, viz. B—ke and O—rd, and wonders none of their Friends undertook to Anse sweet the Matter of Fact were too notorious to be denied, besides you Reputation for Veracity and Integrity, were too well ellablished with us, to have any thing questioned you

Trum.] The Examiner was an abufive Raskal to father my poor uncorred Scrawls upon so great a Genius; that was not deligned to complement me, (who all the Party hated, as I did them) but merely to debase that Glorious Patriot, by placing him upon a Level with me: But 'twas of a piece with his never-to-be-forgiven Barbarity, in flandering a Beauteous Innocent, only for being Daughter to that Great and Good Man. What better could one expet of fuch a scandalous Villain? Like Master, like Man, quoth the Proverb; if so, we may guess at his Master's Merits: But,

Whene'er our good King shall enliven our Hearts, By granting each Man bis proper Deferts, We know who'll enjoy Axes, Halters, and Carts.

Brit.] I tell you once more, 'tis thought we full have but a motly Ministry, for all some late Transations, would seem to require a thorow Change of Hands, in Army, Fleet, and Court.

Zrum,] Motly Ministry; what's that?

Brit.] A mixed one, compounded of the present Sett,

and some Whig ones.

Trum.] Why then, I say, the Ministry, may I fear the Government, will be like one of Daniel's Kingdoms in Nebuchadnezzar's Dream, partly Weak and partly Street.

Sinc of fabrical my president in Trouble will be the Tro

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The Second Part of Neck or Nothing. fay so worse of it; impartial suffice, and a thorow lunge, would bring us glorious Times.

Then Jacks and Traytors both Shall run To Rome, or elfe St. Germain ; And in this Land there foan't be one Of that bafe fort of Vermin.

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## POSTSCRIPT

CINCE this short History of Queen Robin went to the I Prefs, The Secret History of the White Staff has appear &. Some of my Friends have importuned me to refute that? fibilous Performance; but I find it for fully done in my present Work, that I do not think any farther Pains sout it necessary. If the Reader will give himself the Inable of comparing our Secret Histories, I believe he vill be of my Mind, and will likewife be convinced of the Truth of my Relations, when he fees fo many of the Matters of Pad owned by the very Person I charge them on, and who, 'tis not to be imagin'd, would by his own weak Apologies, corroborate my Evidence, (and that without knowing I had wrote on that Subject) if Quilt, and the force of Self-Conviction Had not extorted thole Confessions from him.

With what View, or upon what Motives, he discoveid fo many vile things of himself, I will not pretend to gues; but fure I am, his Enemies could not have will'd or done him a greater Injury, fince his own Hiftory confirms those Crimes to be justly ascrib'd to him, which before were receiv'd by many, as Slanders; by others, as Prejudice; and by most, but as uncertain Reports.

However, I return his Lordship Thanks for the Service he has, by his Hiftory of the White-Staff, done mine of Queen Robin, which must find universal Faith, when the Man it accuses and condemns, owns the Truth of the

Acculation, and Justice of the Sentence.

There

There is but one Particular in which our Relations Fight differ, which is the Part his Lordship pretends to have had in the late Queen's Choice of bis Succeffor ; but that Affair is too well known by all Men, for his Lordhip to be able to impose fo grofty on the Publick. This is all I shall fay at present, in Contradiction of his Affertion. tho' I believe his other Readers of that Paragraph wil scarce treat it so civily; they may probably answerit and its Author, as the Boy was for answering Bellamin with a Thou Lyeft.

Were I to advice this FALLEN MINISTER, it should be rather by an humble and penitent Confession of his Crimes, to forten the Rigour of Justice, than by endeavouring with poor Excuses and palpable Fallhoods to extenuate his Guilt, which doth in reality heighten both

that and the Nation's Refentments.

If his Sovereign's Clemency allow him Leisure for Repentance, I advise him to use that Time in making bis Prace with Heaven, and feccuring an Interest in that Court: The Forfeiture he has ma e of Life to his Country, is Experted, and will be Demanded: Tis not to be support any new Dozens will be made, to prevent this Justice; and more than probable, Men will vote both in and out of the House according to their Duty and Consciences, when they do not fee the Silver a coming, and to conclude my Postscript with the Words of that Excellent Poem which Graces my Title-Page:

> Our Laws and Reason now retreiv'd, And more need not be faid; Queen Robin will foon higher be, Or Shorter by the Head.

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meht Essays ready for the Press, and will be pubclations list'd in the same Order they are here mention'd, to have and with these Titles, viz. but that

GOD Save the King; or, A Speech to our Rightful O and Ever-glorious Sovereign upon his first Landg at Greenwich; giving him a hearty Welcome to his Dominions. \_\_\_\_ And Samuel faid to all the People, See ye him whom the Lord bath chosen, that there is none like him among the People: And all the People Shouted, and faid, God fore the King, (1 Sam. 10. 24.) Price 6 . Note, This Speech was neither deliver'd nor advertis'd till now, the

Author's Sickness having prevented both.

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Poem

II. The Protestant Nofegay; or, A Panegyrick upon the Royal Orange, and upon all things dignity'd with an Onnge-Colour, as 'tis to King William we owe the inshable Bleffing of the Protestant Succession in the II-Indrious House of Manover. To which is added, Dr. I-ton's Recantation for his having preach'd a Sermon, that proves the Necessity, Piety, and Justice of the Glorious Revolution by King William; together with like-Recantation fince King George came to the Crown. Price 6d.

III. The Golden Age; Exemplify'd in the Glorious O Life and Reign of his present Majesty King George; Or Willion of the future Happiness of Great-Britain under tuly Protestant Kings and Queens, in the Illustrious House Hanover, but more especially in the Sacred Person of our gracious Sovereign. Part I. Humbly inscrib'd to his nof excellent Majesty; and will be continu'd Monthly. premind us of our misaculous Deliverance from the Intender, Popery and Slavery. Price 1 s.

W. George the Secund, Or the True Prince of Wales, O a Heroick Poem. Dedicated to that truly Pious and thoughtful Prelate who was the first Proposer, (a) of that Bleffed Legacy, (b) the Protestant Succession in the Mufrious House of Hanover. Price 6 d.

V.

<sup>(</sup>a) To King William, of ever Glorious Memory. (b) Alluding to that Tool of the Jacobite Party Dr.S-rell, who has often faid that he cou'd forgive King William any Thing except (as he traiterously call'd it) That curfed Leacy, the Hanover Succession.

The Queen by Merits A Paradon fully the Illustrious Character of her Royal Hunne Princess of Wales, whose fafe Arrival washingar defir'd by all the Loy I Subjects of Great-Britain Many Daughters bave done virtuously, but thou entered all, Prov. xxxi. 29 Price 6d.
VI. The Royal Pair; or a Panegyrick upon the

jugal Love, inferibed to fibrat Marchlefs lufture it) the Pri ce and Princels of Water. Price 6d.

VII. The Unborn Princes: or an Heroick Poem, i Cribd to the Royal Thue or the Uniferious House Hanover, not yet in being, but is more particular Addtels'd to Prince Frederick George, and the Te young Princeffes more lately arrived at the Port Life, Price 6d.

VIII. All y at Stake; or The only way to intrieve the lost Glory. Honour, Piery, Morals, and Unanimity of Grade Britain, is by the Choicean's good (i.e. a truly Hamovertan) Parliament. To which is added, The Character of the true English Man, hit to represent his Country. Dedicated to those two Illustrious Patriots, Mr. W and Mr. Greenfells, the prefent Candidates for Busine dire. By Mr. Julin Dienson, a Presholifer of the fa County. In a Letter to a Freeholder (winter ha landent will put an end to our Divisions, and make both Religion and Trade flourish ; but it the Mi "hould be militaken in their Choice, we are mind, Price 3 d. or fuch Gentlemen as ate fo Publick fointed as to give em to the Electors of Bucks, may have no

These Eight Estays are written by Mr. John Duning, Authors of the First Part of Neck or Nothing, which is now compleated by this Second Part (intitud'd Luin Rifin) and printed on the same rise, that they may bind together. This is further to give Notice, That the punetual Price of the First and Second Part of Nechal Nothing is is. Ad. Stitch'd, and it the Hankers had demand, more (as they did for the Pirst Pars, faling many thind deds of them tot? so a Book) any Gentleman man have both Parts for 18d. of J. Harrison, noir the Royal-Eschange, & Popping in Pater-Hollen Row, and A. Dat and A. Bonifer without Temple-Bargs) 1922 9 90111

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